

# THE HARTFORD HERALD.

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"I Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations Lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

39th YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1913.

NO. 36

## DEFENDS MOTHER; KILLS HIS FATHER

A Deplorable Homicide At Narrows, Ky.

FAMILY ROW CAUSES TRAGEDY

Witnesses At Coroner's Inquest Relate Facts Regarding Killing.

BOY IS ONLY 15 YEARS OLD

A deplorable homicide occurred at Narrows, this county, last Thursday morning when Estill Winchel, aged 15, shot and killed his father, James Winchel, aged 47, at their home. Evidently a family brawl was the cause of the tragedy. It is said that such home disturbances in the family had occurred before and that there had been a separation between the wife and husband preceding the killing some weeks or months.

Coroner Dr. A. B. Riley, of Hartford, was summoned and went out to the scene of the tragedy. He summoned witnesses and held an inquest over the remains of James Winchel. At the close of the inquest Coroner Riley took young Estill Winchel in charge and brought him to Hartford. The examining trial of young Winchel was set for Saturday before County Judge R. R. Weddell, but for more evidence, was postponed until next Saturday at 10 o'clock a.m. In the meantime the accused has been under guard of Mr. Henry Nall.

The alleged facts leading up to and including the tragedy, are best told in the language of the witnesses who testified at the Coroner's inquest, and are as follows:

Inquest  
Held over the body of James W. Winchel at the residence of James W. Winchel, in County of Ohio, State of Kentucky, by A. B. Riley, Coroner of Ohio County, Ky., on August 28, 1913.

The following jury were summoned and sworn: W. M. Maple, T. S. Boswell, Lafe Grant, Geo. Brown, J. T. Miller, Charlie Carter.

The following witnesses being summoned and sworn testified in substance as follows:

WITNESSES: Estill Winchel, Martha Winchel, W. P. Allen, B. C. Ford, W. W. Mitchell.

ESTILL WINCHEL states in substance that he is 15 years old and the son of James W. Winchel and he woke me up this morning and asked me if I wanted a drink of whiskey and him and mother were fussing and I told him to let mother alone and he said a certain party, E. G. Kirby, could not come through the yard and I told him he could come when he got ready and he then got a piece of stovewood and hit me over the head, also hit mother. I got the pistol, 32-caliber, and he hit me. Then I told mother to get out of the way and I shot first and missed him. Then I shot again and he fell and I left the room. He had hold of mother and a knife in his hand when I shot him.

MRS. MARTHA WINCHEL states in substance: The deceased, James W. Winchel, aged 47, is my husband. We were married 17 years ago December last and he accuses two or three men of Narrows of being intimate with me. This morning he got up mad and had been that way for two or three weeks. We had not been good to his family for 15 or 16 years, but when at home he bought groceries, but, me and Estill made the money to buy our clothes and when away from home he did not provide except on two occasions he sent \$5.00 home to buy underwear for the children and said I could use the rest as I pleased. Then he sent \$3.00 at another time. This morning he hit me over the head and then hit Estill with a piece of stovewood. Then he grabbed me by the wrist and shoulder and got out his knife and said he was going to cut my throat. I had the baby in my arms and put him down and called for Estill. Estill came to the door and said "Mamma, get out of the way." Then he shot him: think two or three shots were fired. Then he fell and I ran out and put the baby over the fence and then ran back and put pillows un-

der his head and told some men outside to go after the doctor.

W. P. ALLEN states he lives at Narrows, Ky., and is the closest neighbor to James W. Winchel and states: "I was standing about 30 steps from his house and heard a family 'jar' going on this morning about 5:30. I saw Jim hit Estill over the head and then Estill came out in the yard and the blood was running down his face. Then I heard three shots and looked and saw Estill standing near the door and smoke was between him and the door. I was standing about 10 feet from the door.

B. C. FORBES states he was about thirty steps from the residence of James W. Winchel this morning between 5 and 6 o'clock and saw the man strike the boy over the head with a stick of stovewood. Heard him say he would kill somebody. Don't know if it was his wife or son. Heard gun fire three or four times and saw a pistol in the boy's hand. I went in the house and found a knife half open and two sticks of stovewood, 2x2x18 inches, lying beside him.

MR. W. W. MITCHELL states: I was 35 steps from residence of James W. Winchel and he and wife and boy were in kitchen door and it seemed he was trying to get at the boy. I heard him say: "I will kill you." He had a stick of stovewood in his hand, drawn back over his head, in a striking position and saw him hit the boy on the head, over his wife. Saw blood running down the boy's face. Then I saw Estill at the front door with a pistol in his hand and he fired the first shot outside the door, then stepped inside and fired again. Then I went over to the house and found the man lying on the floor on his back. I found two sticks of stovewood and a half open knife lying on the floor, three or four feet from him.

We, the Coroner's jury, find that the deceased, James W. Winchel, 47 years old, a resident of Narrows, Ohio county, Kentucky, came to his death at 5:30 a.m., August 28, 1913, from a gun shot wound through the neck. Said Winchel was shot by Estill Winchel and we recommend his arrest.

GEORGE BROWN.  
LAFE GRANT.  
WESLEY MAPLES.  
THOS. BOSWELL.  
J. T. MILLER.  
CHARLIE CARTER.

A BIG METEOR FALLS WITH TERRIFIC SPLASH

Tiverton, R. I., Aug. 29.—A meteor fell into the Seacommett river here to-day, churning up the waters in a spectacular manner. Great volumes of steam arose and the accompanying explosion sounded like the discharge of a twelve-inch gun. The meteor fell during an electrical storm. The crash, resembling thunder, was heard for a distance of twenty miles.

In the immediate vicinity windows were broken and crockery shattered from shelves, while at Island Park, nearly two miles away, in other words, that very few claims have reached the stage of settlement and a settlement except on a promissory note appears to be now an impossibility with the Huerta government.

The Commission which the State Department has in mind would, however, be composed of Mexican and American officials and its decision would be final because both the Congress of Mexico and the Congress of the United States would give it power to act.

It might be that Mexico would be enabled by the flotation of bonds guaranteed by a friendly United States Government to pay off its enormous claims. The most discreditable means is one that has sometimes been enforced—compelling Mexico to hypothecate her revenues for the payment of the claims.

Rumors apparently emanating from responsible sources in circulation at the State Department are to the effect that the Mexican situation shall be allowed "to rest" until after the return of the President from his week-end trip to Cornish, N. H.

Secretary Bryan was at the State Department this morning. He sent dispatches to the President giving him the developments of to-day. Very few telegrams arrived from the consuls during the day.

Officials say there is no immediate necessity of communicating with Premier Gamboa, and least of all Envoy Lind. They assert that Mr. Lind is by this time probably aware of the desire of the President that all the President has said will be given time to be thoroughly digested, not only by Huerta, but by the rural population of Mexico, who will hear of the President's message from consuls throughout Mexico.

While the flight of Americans from Mexico continues, Huerta is said to be spreading broadcast the news that it is entirely useless for American citizens to leave. The American officials understand, however, that he is making this statement to lay the foundation for an argument before an international commission or before any committee of claims, that American citizens left Mexico on orders of their own President and that the Mexican Government could not be held responsible for reparation in the value of their property.

### FOR SALE.

One of the neatest and best built houses in Hartford for sale at just what it cost. Has five rooms, half front and back verandas. Built in 1909—needs no repairs. For particulars, call or address "Herald."

## MEXICO MUST PAY AMERICANS' LOSS

In That Country, Says the State Department.

AMOUNT ABOUT \$500,000,000

So-Called Commission Sitting In Mexico Is Making Slow Progress.

AMERICAN FLIGHT CONTINUES

Washington, Aug. 28.—Mexico will have to settle to the last cent, millions of dollars damage done to property owned by Americans in the Southern Republic when the reign of rebellion begun three years ago ends.

During the present lull in the negotiations between the United States and the Huerta government, the State Department is turning its attention to the immense indebtedness that Huerta is piling up to be settled by his successors.

An international commission will ascertain this indebtedness. It was definitely stated to-day.

Officials of the State Department said to-day that by reason of the Madero rebellion and the present disturbance Americans already had sustained a loss of \$500,000,000.

The international commission will be charged with ascertaining:

First—The original value of the property.

Second—Its depreciation.

Third—What would have been its present value.

The same officials say that the International Commission in determining a claim would take these three items at their full value for the reason that both Madero and Huerta were given full opportunity to make some move in the restoration of peace in the country.

There is now a so-called commission sitting at Mexico City but it is composed entirely of Mexican officials and they say it is making the minimum of progress; in other words, that very few claims have reached the stage of settlement and a settlement except on a promissory note appears to be now an impossibility with the Huerta government.

Mr. Lind, it was asserted to-night, had been instructed from Washington to continue to act at his own discretion as to whether he should await developments at Vera Cruz or return to Mexico City.

Mr. Lind, it was reported, probably would make the next move in the negotiations, which the President emphatically asserted in his message had not been closed, and could be resumed on the initiative of either nation.

The fact that the Mexico City officials in their second note of reply had receded from the demand for an exchange of accredited Ambassadors, it was pointed out, left an opening for future moves.

Before deciding to go to Cornish President Wilson discussed the situation at length with military officers, and arrangements were made whereby he could be notified at once of any developments.

Hundreds of telegrams and letters reached the White House to-day from all parts of the country expressing approval of President Wilson's message on Mexico. These were not made public, but the President is known to have been highly gratified at the sympathetic reception his course has received.

Reports to the State Department to-day continued to tell of the exodus of Americans from Mexico. From Tampico came news of large numbers gathering from San Luis Potosi and adjacent States and it was said hundreds were expected at Vera Cruz from the Southern interior States to await embarkation.

Official say there is no immediate necessity of communicating with Premier Gamboa, and least of all Envoy Lind. They assert that Mr. Lind is by this time probably aware of the desire of the President that all the President has said will be given time to be thoroughly digested, not only by Huerta, but by the rural population of Mexico, who will hear of the President's message from consuls throughout Mexico.

While the flight of Americans from Mexico continues, Huerta is said to be spreading broadcast the news that it is entirely useless for American citizens to leave. The American officials understand, however, that he is making this statement to lay the foundation for an argument before an international commission or before any committee of claims, that American citizens left Mexico on orders of their own President and that the Mexican Government could not be held responsible for reparation in the value of their property.

## WILSON GOES TO SUMMER CAPITAL

Is Hopeful Of Favorable Outcome In Mexico.

SEEMS TO BE UP TO HUERTA

For Next Move—Many Americans Leaving Mexico To Live Elsewhere.

WILSON'S MESSAGE PRAISED

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson left Washington late to-day for the summer capital at Cornish, N. H., still hopeful of favorable culmination of the negotiations undertaken by this country to bring about peace in Mexico.

Although no affirmative action on either side had been reported up to the time of the President's departure, encouraging dispatches were received from Nelson O'Shaughnessy, in charge of the American Embassy at Mexico City, bearing on the general situation. These reached the President a few hours before midday and led him to determine upon a short rest over Labor Day.

Nothing in the advices from Mexico City gave the Administration officials cause for particular anxiety, and it was the general conviction that Huerta is piling up to be settled by his successors.

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MRS. MARY E. MAPLE DIES AT EARLY HOUR

The Fordville Argonaut says: Last Thursday Frank Whittler and wife and Mrs. Livers and son, all of near Narrows, were tried in Squire Pollard's court here for a breach of the peace. The trouble started over Mrs. Livers picking blackberries on the farm of Frank Whittler. After the evidence was heard in the case against Whittler and wife, and there being writs out for the prosecuting witness, Mrs. Livers and son, by an agreement the cases against all four were submitted to the jury from the evidence produced against Whittler and wife. After the attorneys had made able arguments in the case, the jury retired to the jury room and after about 30 minutes a verdict was brought in assessing a fine of \$10 against Mrs. Livers and \$1 against Whittler.

The parties are all brother-laws, uncles, aunts, etc.

FOR SALE.

One of the neatest and best built houses in Hartford for sale at just what it cost. Has five rooms, half

cause of her death, she having been a sufferer for over six months of this affliction. She had been confined to her bed for about two weeks.

The deceased was born in Shady County, January 1, 1835, and before her marriage was a Miss Bryant. She was married on December 23, 1851, and was the mother of six surviving children, who are Mrs. Belle Bailey, of Beaver; S. O. Maple, of Rockport, Ky.; Mrs. M. B. Rose, of Louisville; C. L. V. Maple and T. H. Maple, of Bloomington, Ill., and T. M. Maple, of Owensboro.

The funeral was conducted from the Red Hill Baptist church at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon by Rev. Norris Lashbrook. The interment was made in the Red Hill church cemetery. [Owensboro Messenger.]

MOONLIGHT SCHOOLS FOR FLEMING COUNTY

Seventy teachers in the Fleming County Institute volunteered this afternoon to conduct "moonlight" schools in the rural districts for the purpose of wiping out illiteracy from the county. There are seventy schools in the county, though some employ several teachers. Each school was thus represented. Enthusiasm on the subject ran high, and the teachers responded with an earnestness that was most impressive.

Plans are being made for as large a display as possible of military strength on September 16, Independence day, when it is proposed to hold a big parade in which 20,000 people are expected to march.

The War Department has been called upon to furnish military instructors to a dozen cities, where the fear of being impressed for service against the revolutionists lessened daily by President Huerta and his Ministers of War.

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Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, the instructor of the institute, in her address on "Moonlight Schools" stated that Fleming county had 1,432 illiterate men and women, according to the last census report. This aroused the teachers and they declared at once their purpose to clear Fleming county of illiteracy. A model night school was conducted by the instructor at the request of the teachers, and a uniform program made. September 15 was the date set for beginning the "moonlight schools," and Fleming county has the distinction of having more teachers engaged in the night school service than any other county in the state.

The institute is attended by a large number of educators from other counties as well as the resident teachers, and is growing in interest and enthusiasm each day.

HE ASKS \$10,000 FOR INJURIES TO HIS SON

Hopkinsville, Ky., Sept. 1.—Dave and Ben Cranor, prominent bushmen, of Crofton, were made defendants in action brought here for \$10,000 damage, by M. L. Trotter, of that vicinity, for an injury to his nine-year-old son, Albert. It is alleged that Cranor brothers had a contract for grading a road for Christian county, and were working near the Trotter home. It is claimed the boy's parents had repeatedly warned the

## CARRANZA WILL REMOVE HUERTA

**From Power If Given Desired Privileges.**

### MESSAGE SENT TO WILSON

**Constitutionalist Leader Issues a Card Outlining His Purposes.**

#### A COPY OF STATEMENT GIVEN

Houston, Tex., Aug. 29.—Given unrestricted opportunities to buy munitions of war in the United States the Constitutionalists will sweep Provisional President Huerta from power, assume responsibility for injury done foreigners, hold a free and fair election and re-establish Mexico true in cordial relations with the United States, according to a statement from General Jesus Carranza, which Dr. Henry Allen Tupper and Captain J. T. Armstrong, of the International Peace Forum, are carrying to President Wilson.

Dr. Tupper and Captain Armstrong passed through Houston to-night and while here made public the statement of General Carranza, who is a brother of the Constitutional Commander in Chief.

They were commissioned by the Peace Forum to confer with Constitutional leaders in an effort to devise possible peace measures.

General Jesus Carranza's statement follows:

"As it is only by force of arms that the Constitutionalists can honorably compel the usurper, Victoriano Huerta, to relinquish the power unlawfully obtained by him by treason and crime, we call it to the entire civilized world, the Constitutionalists herewith to realize the conditions by which we can, in a short time, realize their aspirations."

"That the American Government permit both parties in conflict the right to introduce arms and all other munitions of warfare, and the Constitutionalists will be able to overthrow the usurper's Government in the near future."

"We will not deny any responsibility within the terms of justice, nor any obligation which we have or may contract. Further, and within the limit of international rights, we will not omit any effort or force to protect the lives and property of all foreigners, and we will indemnify them for any losses which they may suffer due to the direct effects of the war. In this connection a decree already has been issued."

"As we are sure that the United States, with its high sense of justice, its democratic conception of what is due a nation's honor and integrity, with a view of making this Government one of stability, would not refrain from granting us the same rights and privileges granted to our enemies, we do not hesitate to affirm that such an attitude of justice not only will vindicate fully our cordial relations as sister republics, but it will re-enforce them in a sensible degree and always within the limits of patriotism, justice, respect and reciprocity—all considerations in our mutual interests."

"In order that the republic may re-establish a constitutional government it is necessary that the people as soon as practicable be granted free ballots and legal elections, and this cannot be done under present regime. But, as soon as the present usurper is vanquished, the people will recover their rights and the Government will guarantee to the people the right to name their Executive officers by a free and independent ballot, and there will be put into existence at that time, and forever in the future, a Government for the people, by the people and of the people, as is provided in our political constitution."

General Carranza concluded by expressing his appreciation for the humanitarian motives of the International Peace Forum and of philanthropic efforts of Messrs. Tupper and Armstrong to avoid the shedding of Mexican blood, and thanked them for the unselfish interest they are taking "in the great cause which the Constitutionalists are defending," and, in evidence of the appreciation of the services which Dr. Tupper has come to this country to offer as special Peace Commissioner of the International Peace Forum, the Constitutionalists have requested him to present this document to the President of the United States and to the Secretary of State, in the full confidence that he will continue his good work."

The statement, which Dr. Tupper will deliver to President Wilson, is dated at Piedra Negras, headquar-

ters of the Constitutionalists, August 19.

Dr. Tupper and Captain Armstrong continued their journey to Washington late to-night.

#### EXPLORERS LIVED ON A MEET OF SEA ELEPHANTS

Christ Church, New Zealand, Aug. 29.—Relief arrived just in the nick of time to save the lives of Dr. Douglas Mawson, the Australian Antarctic explorer and his five companions who left in March last on Macquarie Island. In the Antarctic Ocean when the remaining twenty-four members of Dr. Mawson's expedition returned to Tasmania.

The six men were believed to have ample provisions to last them until the Antarctic spring, but the commander of a Government steamer recently sent to their relief, reports that the explorers had exhausted all their supplies and had been living for some time on the hearts and tongues of sea elephants. All of them were obviously in a weak condition when the relief ship reached them.

In Mawson's expedition was unfortunate in losing by death two of its members, owing to accidents on the ice. Lieut. Ninnis, an English army officer, and Dr. Xavier Mertz, Swiss scientist.

The original expedition left Hobart, Tasmania, on December 2, 1911, its principal object being the exploration and survey of the Antarctic coast line. When the Aurora went to fetch the explorers back early this year, the vessel was forced to leave before taking on Dr. Mawson and five of his companions, as she was in danger of being crushed by the ice.

State of Ohio City of Toledo.) Lucas county. ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials—free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

(Advertisement.)

#### THE GREAT PERIL IN TURNED-UP TROUSERS

Trousers are to continue more than ever in the peg top vein, and permanent turned up ends will be general. These "P. T. Vs," as they are professionally termed, have been most violently condemned by the Medical Officer.

"We shudder to think," says the interesting organ of hygiene, "at the accumulation which must be found in these receptacles, and as we believe it is the custom to have the turn-up made as a permanent pocket, it is doubtful whether during the period of wear any attempt is made to get rid of the accumulation. We hope that this prevailing fashion will be but a short madness, and that men ere long will be properly clothed and in their right minds."—(Atlantic Monthly.)

#### Can't Afford to Have Kidney Trouble.

No man with a family to support can afford to have kidney trouble, nor need he fear it with such a remedy as Foley's Kidney Pills. You cannot take this honest, curative medicine into your system without good results following. It cleanses and builds up the kidneys, and makes them able to strain out of the blood the impurities that cause backache, weak back, sore, irritable kidneys and sleep-disturbing urinary troubles. Sold by all dealers.

(Advertisement)

#### Sarcasm Up-To-Date.

"Why is he so bitter at the girl he was only recently engaged to?" "Because when she sent the ring back she labeled the box, 'Glass—with cure!'"—(September Lippscott's.)

#### Diarrhoea Quickly Cured.

I was taken with diarrhoea and Mr. Works, the merchant here, persuaded me to try a bottle of Chumblie's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoeaitemely. After taking one dose I was cured. It also cured others that I gave it to," writes M. E. Gebhart, Oriole, Pa. That is not at unusual. An ordinary attack of diarrhoea can almost invariably be cured by one or two doses of this remedy. For sale by all dealers.

(Advertisement)

Subscribe for The Herald, \$1 a year.

## NOTED AMERICAN STORY-WRITER

### Out For Suffrage In Her Latest Fiction.

#### WRITER OF "ANGEL ISLAND"

Tells How She Came To Pen Story Favoring Feminist Movement.

#### FATE OF "THE ARRAIGNMENT"

(One of the most ardent woman suffragists in America is Inez Haynes Gillmore, the famous fiction writer, whose best known recent work was the celebrated "Phoebe and Ernest" stories. Mrs. Gillmore, now forty years old, was born in Brazil and educated in Boston and at Radcliffe College. Sixteen years ago she married Rufus H. Gillmore, a writer of detective stories, and she and her husband live in New York. Mrs. Gillmore's newest piece of work is a serial story, "Angel Island," which is just beginning in the American Magazine. It is a piece of work in which the romance is always paramount, but, at the same time, the story symbolizes the whole feminist movement with a vividness impossible in the most ably written narrative of fact. It is no secret that Mrs. Gillmore hopes that her new story will stir up feeling on behalf of women suffrage. In the following article Mrs. Gillmore tells how she became a suffragist, and why she wrote "Angel Island.")

have to confess that from twelve to sixteen I cultivated a deep heavy, black despotism for the entire male sex. I believed that the weakling Woman lay under the heel of the Tyrant Man and that his main exercise was grinding that heel into her helpless flesh. I remember somewhere in my early teens I made an agreement with myself that, when I grew up, I should write a book, called "The Arraignment." As I planned it, it was not really a book; it was to be about twenty volumes long, and it was to deal with MAN and MEN. Starting with Adam, I intended to run down the ages, considering every man mentioned both in sacred and profane history entirely in the light of his relation to the woman situation. The term muckraking had not come into the language yet; but my idea was to muckrake man. I made up my mind that I would tell a listening world exactly what I thought of him. I did not intend to leave him a leg to stand on.

In point of fact, that marvel of muckraking was never written, nor even begun.

But in the meantime, of course, I had been studying this problem from every point of view, studying it from the wider aspect of my maturity, my college life, my experience as a writer of fiction and from the swiftly widening scope of the problem itself. I began to shed some of those raw early convictions

—I mean in particular in regard to the Tyrant Man. I began to see that, although men are a little to blame in regard to this condition of the subjection of women, they are not entirely or even much to blame.

That woman's position in the past has been the result of a development in the human race, and that, as Gertrude Atherton so sapiently points out, if civilization were to be destroyed, we should have to go

to firmly notify every one in Mexico who assumes to exercise authority to know that this Government shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of the Americans who cannot get away, and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning."

"That can and will be made plain beyond the possibility of misunderstanding," declared the President.

Accompanying the President's address was the reply of the Huerta government rejecting the American proposals.

President Wilson's message was couched in the most friendly terms,

but he made it plain that Huerta

will not be recognized by this Government, and expressed the belief that the Huerta administration is tottering, and that conditions are growing worse for those who claim to constitute the legitimate government of the republic."

Asserting that the United States was "glad to call itself the friend of Mexico, and hoping for many occasions to show that disinterested friendship," President Wilson declared "we shall yet prove to the Mexican people that we know how to serve them without first thinking how we shall serve ourselves."

President Wilson read his instructions to John Lind and the proposals which Lind submitted to the Huerta government.

"All Americans cry out for settle-

ment," read the note Lind bore to Mexico. His proposal to Huerta were:

Immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armis-

ce solemnly entered into and scrupulously observed.

Security for an early and free

election, in which all agree to take part.

Consent of General Huerta to

bind himself not to be a candidate for President at this election.

Agreement that all parties abide

by the result of the election and co-

operate in a most loyal way in orga-

nizing and supporting the new

administration.

President Wilson emphatically

protested the execution of this de-

finitive mission by Lind, and said he

was led to believe the Huerta gov-

ernment rejected the proposals

largely "because the authorities at

Mexico City had been grossly mis-

informed and misled" us to the

spirit of the American people in the

matter, "and upon a mistaken be-

lief that the present administration

did not speak for the people of the

United States."

President Wilson said this nation

"could only wait the time of their

awakening to a realization of the

real facts."

Concluding, the President pre-

dicated that a "steady pressure of

moral force will, before many days,

break the barriers of pride and proj-

ect."

Photograph by Paul Thompson, N. Y.

INEZ HAYNES GILLMORE

A famous American fiction writer who is a strong woman suffragist. She is just beginning a new novel, "Angel Island," in the American Magazine, which, although primarily a romance, includes many of her ideas on suffrage. It is a story which Mrs. Gillmore hopes will help along the cause which is close to her heart.

through this process all over again

—man to work outside the home,

fighting the destructive forces of

nature, woman to stay in the home

developing the family. But I also

realize that now the time has come

for women not to destroy the home,

but to enlarge it until it covers the

whole world; not to neglect the

family, but to increase it until it

embraces the entire human race.

Many women see that—certainly all

the progressive and radical women

—and a few men. We have yet to

convince the conservative woman,

the reactionary woman, and most

men.

For years and years I have been

cursing about me for the best fiction

form in which to embody my ideas

on this subject. I cannot count now,

I suppose, the suffrage novels

that I have planned and rejected.

Then one day one of the things that

I had learned in college came back

to me and with a new force—that

the bable-form is the most telling

way of convincing the unconvinced.

Esop in ancient times, Maeterlinck

and Ibsen in modern times, have

all used this method. Swift's

"Gulliver's Travels" has taught

some of us

## PRESIDENT WAS CONGRESS' HERO

**As He Read Message Of  
One Nation to Other.**

**HE WAS HEARTILY APPLAUSED**

**By the Entire Membership Of  
National Body at Close  
Of His Speech.**

**A LOFTY SPIRIT IS BREATHED**

Washington, Aug. 27.—The most impressive scene in recent American history was that presented in the hall of the House of Representatives to-day when the entire membership of Congress, laying aside party ties, stood up and for over a minute applauded the President of the United States, who had come to read to them a message affecting the peace of the nation. In Mr. Wilson's two prior appearances he had been a Democratic President seeking to carry out party policies on which there was controversy with the minorities in Congress. To-day, in delivering his message about Mexico, he was simply the President, the responsible head of the Government, speaking for the American people and for practically every Representative and Senator who faced him.

Could Victoriano Huerta, Provisional President of Mexico, have been present (as his agents were), he would forever have banished his misconception that the people and the Congress oppose Mr. Wilson's Mexican policy. No ovation which the President has received compared in fervor and in significance with that which greeted him at the beginning and conclusion of his address to-day, and the silence on the floor and in the galleries was intense for the twenty minutes of the reading. From the floor the Senators and Representatives gave the President the closest attention, and when he had finished his statesmanlike and humanitarian document hardly a man could be found—however bitter his partisanship—who did not give thorough and unreserved approval to what the President had said.

Mr. Wilson read his message and the instructions he had given to his confidential agent, Gov. Ladd. He did not read the reply of the Mexican Government through Senor Gamboa, its Minister of Foreign Affairs. Had he done so the effect would have been tremendous. The Latin's answer, considering the fact that the Huerta government decided to put its own existence above the peace of the republic, was a masterpiece of its sort, but it was a masterpiece of sneer and shrug and innuendo. The President's stately message, breathing kindness, sympathy and peace toward Mexico, addressing Congress to avert the inevitable downfall of Huerta, yet ringing with the force of a drastic action, provided virtually a racial contrast to the reply of Gamboa. It was Anglo-Saxon versus Spanish-American; the one broad, tolerant, patient, yet full of sorrowful prophecy; the other divided between well-sneered and grandiose representations of pitiable realities. There was

## THROW OUT THE LINE.

**Give the Kidneys Help and Many  
Hartford People Will  
Be Happier.**

"Throw Out the Life Line"—  
Weak kidneys need help.

They're often overworked—don't  
get the poison filtered out of the  
blood.

Will you help them?

Doan's Kidney Pills have brought  
benefit to thousands of kidney suf-  
fers.

Read this Owensboro case:

H. F. Loasle, 524 W. Third St.,  
Owensboro, Ky., says: "I have  
used Doan's Kidney Pills in my  
family for years and consider them  
the best remedy to be had for kid-  
ney trouble. For several years I  
suffered from pains across the  
small of my back and in my sides.  
Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly  
recommended, I got a box. In a  
short time they cured me. Others  
of my family have also used Doan's  
Kidney Pills with satisfactory re-  
sults."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50  
cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo,  
New York, sole agents for the Unit-  
ed States.

Remember the name—Doan's—  
and take no other.  
(Advertisement.)

never anything more Mexican than  
the letter of Gamboa to Lind.

The gist of the President's suggestions to Congress was that the Mexican situation must be given more time to work itself out; that in the meantime he will deny arms to all factions of the republic, including Huerta, and that all Americans who are physically able should leave Mexico, at once in view of the fresh conflict which will shortly be raging.

ARTHUR B. KROCK.

**IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE  
TO STOP HER NAGGING**

Logansport, Ind., Aug. 29.—Marvin Brown, a farmer residing in the western section of the county, alleges he is a living proof that a seventy-five acre farm, hung onto a woman's tongue an acre at a time, is not sufficient to keep her from "nagging."

In a complaint for divorce, which he filed to-day, Brown alleges that some time ago, when the "nagging" of his wife had become unbearable, he made her a proposition that for every day she did not nag him he would give her an acre of land.

By this means, he says, he won seventy-five days of heavenly peace, at the cost of an acre of ground each day, but at the end of that period of time he was "land-broke" and the good wife resumed her certain lectures. Being out of land with which to buy silence, he resorts to the courts.

**WHAT HE FOUND ABOUT  
THE NEWSPAPER JOB**

Many people believe that a newspaper falls together without work or concerted action or plan. Rev. McLeod, a Presbyterian minister at Pasadena, was of the opinion, and asked to be allowed to edit an edition of the Pasadena Star. The editor gladly accepted the opportunity to go fishing, and the minister took up his duties in the newspaper office. This is how he felt when he found himself at the end of the task, which it must be said, had been done quite creditably:

"My time is almost up as I pen this last line; my hand is almost paralyzed; my brain is befuddled and I am free to confess that I am right glad to vacate the holy spot. Such rash and riot and disarray! Such a jumble of potpourri! It strikes me as the effort to bring order out of chaos, and to do it lightning quick.

"I am reminded of the memorable words: 'The earth was without form and void, and darkness was upon the face of the waters.' Never shall I criticize newspaper men more. I shall pray for them. They will have my heart's forbearance henceforth and forever. They are the hardest worked, shortest lived, poorest paid brain workers on this weary old world of ours."

**Mother of Eighteen Children.**  
"I am the mother of eighteen children and have the praise of doing more work than any young woman in my town," writes Mrs. C. J. Martin, Boone Mill, Va. "I suffered for five years with stomach trouble and could not eat as much as a biscuit without suffering. I have taken three bottles of Chamberlain's Tablets and am now a well woman and weigh 168 pounds. I can eat anything I want to, and as much as I want and feel better than I have at any time in ten years. I refer to any one in Boone Mill or vicinity and they will vouch for what I say." Chamberlain's Tablets are for sale by all dealers.

(Advertisement)

**THE STABLE OR BITING  
FLY IS EXONERATED**

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 28.—The stable or "biting" fly, which has been suspected by scientists of being a factor in infantile paralysis, was finally exonerated in a report to the State Board of Health to-day by Dr. W. A. Sawyer, director of the State Hygienic Laboratory.

Dr. Sawyer's report is the result of a series of seven experiments, in which he and Prof. Herms, of the University of California, were unable to transmit infantile paralysis to sick or well monkeys through the agency of the suspected insect.

The experiments were ordered after the announcement last September by Dr. Rosenau, of Harvard, that under laboratory conditions it was possible for the fly to transmit the disease.

**Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.**  
The worst cases, no matter of long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Foster's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

**When Women Rule.**  
Mr. Meekly—Then you would have the word "obey" omitted from the marriage service?

Miss Strongmind—Not at all; merely transferred so that the man will say it.

It took a court order to make R. L. Haag get rid of his two pet polecats in Louisville.

(Advertisement.)

## EUROPE IS NOW A POWDER MAGAZINE

**And Fools With Matches  
Are Plentiful.**

**FORMS A SEETHING CALORON**

**And Armed Camp—Much Talk  
Of Peace and Prepara-  
tion for War.**

**MEANING OF "COMPENSATION"**

In my many trips abroad I have never found the European situation more interesting. The contrast between conditions here and at home makes one thankful to be an American. More than at any time since Waterloo, Europe is an armed camp. The talk of the clubs, the articles in the press are all of peace, and preparations for war. Germany is making what is practically a super-tax on her people to raise \$250,000,000 to increase her army to near a million of men, and France is straining to the limit of her ability with her smaller population to meet the invasion which may come any day and without notice.

The unequal thirst of the French people makes France the world's banker. They save five hundred millions of dollars a year, which they put into the hands of a syndicate of their bankers to invest. There is now over a thousand millions of dollars in France awaiting investment and hoarded, because Europe is a powder magazine and plenty of fools around with matches, and because of deep distrust of American securities. Besides the vast sum spent in her internal improvements, France has loans abroad of two thousand millions of dollars, one third of it, nearly, to Russia, while Germany is borrowing at high rates of interest wherever money can be had.

The most sordid war of modern times is that of Bulgaria against her allies, Greece and Servia, and her friend Roumania. A patriotic war to free kindred people from the intolerable oppression of the Turks becomes a fratricidal strife in which over a hundred thousand men have been killed in the last three weeks over the division of the spoils, and the atrocities perpetrated upon the inhabitants of the villages and the farmers in the country have made, by comparison, almost an angel of the terrible Turk."

An old word has acquired a new and sinister meaning in old-world diplomacy. It is "compensation." When either of the great powers covets territory another possesses, it claims that it has not its fair share and wants "compensation." Germany complained that that portion of France in Morocco gave France undue prominence, and forced France to surrender half of her territory in Africa as "compensation." France in turn did the same to Spain in Morocco. Austria did the same when she took Bosnia and Herzegovina from Turkey and actually went to war and took Tripoli from Turkey to be "compensated." That word is playing the mischief with the Hague Tribunal.—[Chamberlain M. Depew, in Leslie's Weekly.]

**Don't Let Baby Suffer With Eczema  
and Skin Eruptions.**

Babies need a perfect skin-covering. Skin eruptions cause them not only intense suffering, but hinder their growth. Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment can be relied on for relief and permanent cure of suffering babies whose skin eruptions have made their life miserable. "Our baby was afflicted with breaking out of the skin all over the face and scalp. Doctors and skin specialists failed to help. We tried Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment and were overjoyed to see baby completely cured before one box was used," writes Mrs. Strubler, Dubuque, Ia. All druggists, or by mail, 50c. Pfleiffer Chemical Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by James H. Williams.

(Advertisement)

**LONGEST GOOD ROAD—**

**FROM CANADA TO MEXICO**

With the completion of the Meridian highway from Winnipeg, Canada, to Laredo, on the Rio Grande, the most notable undertaking in public road construction in this country, so far as distance is concerned, will have been accomplished, and it seems quite probable that this work will be finished, if not before the close of the year, at least during the first half of 1914.

This highway has already been completed from Winnipeg south to the north line of Kansas, so it is only necessary for the States of Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas to do

their part in order that there may be a continuous highway from Canada to the Mexican line, passing entirely through the United States. Already some sections have been completed in Texas, and with the awakened interest manifested in the construction of good roads it may be expected that all the work necessary in Texas will be done shortly.

The road will follow almost a direct line, passing through the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma, thence into Texas, and ending, for the present, at least, at the Mexican border, though it is planned ultimately to construct it farther south into Mexico and on into Central America. It will thus be an international highway linking together the principal political divisions of this continent and facilitating travel for millions of people.—[San Antonio Express.]

**FARHLESS SHOW WILL  
SPRING BIG SURPRISE**

The Sun Brothers' World's Progressive Shows, that are heavily billed to exhibit at Hartford, Sept. 16th, for two performances, is one of the legitimate out-door amusement institutions of this country. It has a record of twenty-two years of continuous service before the people of this country and further has the distinction of being the very cleanest tented exhibition that ever traversed the good old United States. It has never allowed any gamblers, fakirs, fortune tellers, Oriental dancing girls, concerns, no catch pennies, no short change artists, no people to follow it from town to town with questionable prize schemes, no street corner rovers in and in fact nothing that can in any way reflect on a first-class, well conducted, educational, attractive and real entertainment enterprise. The policy of the management is to be entertainers of the public and not part and parcel of a bunch of grafters.

The show this season is the finest and best ever devised by this well known and liberal firm of managers. Many new wild beast subjects; all new big top artists; new band and orchestra; new tents and in fact a brand new splinter show all around, and with no increase in the prices of admission.

This big tented show will appear at Hartford afternoon and night on Tuesday, September 16th.

**Caught a Bad Cold.**

"Last winter my son caught a very bad cold, and the way he coughed was something dreadful," writes Mrs. Sarah E. Duncan, of Tipton, Iowa. "We thought he was going into consumption. We bought just one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and that one bottle stopped his cough and cured his cold completely." For sale by all dealers.

(Advertisement)

**MINERS WERE LET OUT  
AND DEMANDS REFUSED**

Pinneville, Ky., Aug. 29.—Sixty miners were discharged at the plant of the Southern Mining Company at Vurilla, this county, recently, as a result of a demand of the United Mine Workers' Union to place new scales to be used in weighing coal.

The company refused to recognize the union and discharged all employees who admitted that they belonged to the organization. The Union men have been doing a great deal of work in this territory for several months but this was the first demand made on any of the operators so far as can be ascertained.

**Wanted to Get it Right.**

A traveling salesman died suddenly and was taken to his home in the West. His relatives telephoned the nearest doctor, some miles distant, to make a wreath; the ribbon should be extra wide, with the inscription "Rest in Peace" on both sides, and, if there was room, "We Shall Meet in Heaven."

The doctor was away, and his new assistant handled the job. It was a startling do-it piece which turned up at the funeral. The ribbon was extra wide and bore the inscription: "Rest in Peace on Both Sides, and If There Is Room We Shall Meet in Heaven."—[September Lippincott's.]

Panama is the fourth nation to accept in detail Secretary Bryan's international peace plan.

**Tutt's Pills**

**FOR TORPID LIVER.**

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces

**SICK HEADACHE,**

**Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Sallow Skin and Piles.**

There is no better remedy for these common diseases than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS, as a trial will prove.

**Take No Substitute.**

## HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

**After Four Years of Discouraging**

**Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave  
Up in Despair. Husband  
Came to Rescue.**

Cairo, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bellie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE!

I carry in stock all kinds of Builders' Hardware, such as Valley Iron, Ridge Roll and Cresting, Gutting and Supplies, Roofing and Nails, Pumps and Pump repairs, Water Piping and supplies. It will pay you to call and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

**ALBERT OLIER,  
Beaver Dam, Kentucky.**

**PARKER'S  
HAIR BALM**

Cleanses and beautifies the hair, removes lice and fleas. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Price 25c. 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

**McCALL'S MAGAZINE**

236-246 W. 37th St., New York City

Nov.-Aug. Copy, Premium Catalogue and Pattern Catalogue free, on request.

**McCALL PATTERNS**

All others in style, fit, simplicity, economy and number sold. More dealers sell McCall Patterns than any other two makes combined. None higher than 15 cents. Buy from your dealer, or by mail from

**FRANK L. FELIX,**

**Attorney at Law,**

**HARTFORD, KY.**

Mr. W. D. Barnes and C. E. Smith announce that they have formed a partnership and are practicing law, excepting County Attorney, which is prevented from practicing such cases. Mr. Barnes will individually accept such practice. Office in Hartford Republican building, Hartford, Ky.

J. M. PORTER,

**Attorney at Law,**

**BEAVER DAM, KY.**

Will practice his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties. Special attention given to business entrusted to his care.

FRANK L. FELIX,

**Attorney at Law,**

*The Hartford Herald*

HEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,  
EDITORS  
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop'r.

Entered at the Hartford post-office  
as mail matter of the second class.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

(Election Nov. 4, 1913.)

Representative—M. T. Westerfield.  
County Judge—Jno. B. Wilson.  
County Court Clerk—J. B. Renfrow.  
County Attorney—J. P. Sanderfur.  
Sheriff—T. E. Butler.  
Jailer—C. P. Turner.  
School Superintendent—Ozna Shultz.  
Assessor—C. C. Hines.  
Magisterial Districts.  
Hartford, No. 1—T. F. Tanner.  
Beaver Dam, No. 2—Joe F. Barnes.  
Rockport, No. 3—S. C. Hunter.  
Centertown, No. 4—R. C. Tichenor.  
Rosine, No. 5—P. L. Alford.  
Sulphur Springs, No. 6—J. L. Smith.  
Fordsville, No. 7—T. A. Evans.  
Bartlett's, No. 8—Ben W. Taylor.

Of course a woman is expected to put her best foot (or limb) forward in a silk skirt.

It is said that death loves a shining mark. The grim monster also seems to love the smell of auto gasoline.

Chicago mail order houses are now flooding the mails with many tons of advertising matter. The best and about the only way to offset this is for the country merchant to flood his local paper with columns of advertising.

With the next issue of the paper, Mr. John Henry Thomas, of Narrows, Ky., will take editorial charge of the Hartford Republican. This is no new thing for Mr. Thomas, as he has acted in the same capacity before. Mr. Thomas is an able and efficient editor, and his many friends here welcome him back to his old place.

Mrs. Walter Pomroy, of Los Angeles, Cal., who has been chosen to represent the State of California in the world's beauty contest to be held in Brussels, Belgium, says that beautiful thoughts are more efficient than cold cream in the matter of improving personal beauty. No doubt the lady is right; but her doctrine is not likely to cause any diminution in the cosmetics trade.

Newspapers of the State continue to suggest amendments to the new primary election law, which is all well and proper, as it is generally understood that the law, being new, needs some finishing touches to make it perfect. The Mayfield Messenger decides in favor of a compulsory recount of the ballots by the election commissioners. This is a very good idea. There should also be some way to prevent the forming of strict party votes.

A scientist gives the valuable information that when you see a mosquito trying to bite you in a hump-backed attitude, you need not be alarmed. But if, on the other hand, one of these little pests rises on its propositus or stands on its head while sucking your blood, you'd better look out, for it's an anopholes, the kind of insect that transmits malaria. This scientist, however, does not give the length of time you must ponder this matter before beginning the swatting process.

The Ohio county jail is getting to be almost a joke in the matter of security of prisoners confined there. Quite a number of men incarcerated there have escaped in the last few years. It seems to be a matter of only a little trouble to get out. Only recently a prisoner took a small steel spring from his shoe sole and sawed his way to liberty. There should be a new funer cage, constructed of case-hardened steel. This and ever watchful care of the prisoners on the part of the jailer should insure absolute security.

Of course our old friend John Henry Thomas always behaved himself all right when he was a Hartford editor some years ago, but in case he has acquired any editorial pugnacious habits, we want to warn him in advance. Sun Bros. show will be here the 16th, and unless he stays in the habit of being good, we'll just have to turn loose a genuine Bearded-Wanderboos on him, which the show people say they carry. Either that or their gang of real laughing spotted hyenas which would tickle him into spasms, or laugh him to scorn. So he'd better be real good.

It is conceded by every loyal American not blinded by party prejudice that President Wilson has handled the Mexican matter in a most able and highly satisfactory way. In fact there are few—if any—statesmen in this country who could have done quite so well as he, all things considered. His words to Congress—the representatives of the

people—have breathed a lofty spirit of patriotism to his country and justice to our warring neighbors, while at the same time there has been no backstepping nor evasion. His policy is firm, yet kindly disposed. Truly, we have a great President at a critical time.

THE RIGHT OF FUSION  
IS TO BE DETERMINED

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 30.—The fight for and against local fusion movements in the State continues to center around the primary law. Hart county and Hancock county each has presented a state of case for the opinion of the State's legal department. In the former the Republicans and Progressives each nominated a county ticket. Now they plan to withdraw their tickets and unite under a fusion device, with the ticket composed of portions of each of their tickets nominated in the primary. County Clerk E. E. Biggs has asked the Attorney General whether there is such an evasion of the spirit of the primary law requiring the three leading parties to nominate by primary as to justify him in refusing to have the fusion ticket printed.

In Hancock neither Progressives nor Republicans nominated in the primary, but a fusion ticket is being prepared to be presented by petition containing the names of well known Republicans and Progressives. Democrats wish to know whether it can be done.

The matter has been referred to Assistant Attorney General M. Logan, who has the question under consideration.

A MIDNIGHT FIRE DOES  
MUCH DAMAGE AT CORBIN

Williamsburg, Ky., Aug. 29.—The worst fire Corbin ever had occurred at midnight last night. It originated in the Louisville Store, which had only been opened a few days. It then turned to John Stivers' grocery, J. W. Green & Son's grocery, Nicholson & Foley's furniture and undertaking establishment, Archer's drug store, Smith's drug store, John Meyers' dry goods store, the Old Kentucky Home Hotel and the W. L. Heath Hotel.

Most of the buildings in this block were two stories, and the second stories were occupied by offices and roomers. Several small residences and eating places also were burned. The loss is about \$50,000, partly insured.

Much of the stocks were saved except where the fire originated.

TWENTY-TWO-YEAR-OLD  
WINNER IN POPULARITY

Twenty-two years before the public amusement caterers is the proud record of the famous Sun Brothers' Shows, that are coming to Hartford on Tuesday, September 16th, for two performances, afternoon and night. This will also signalize the appearance of the greatest array of high class European and American artists that ever before appeared with an aggregation of this size and kind. It is an established fact that the Sun Show in the past has always offered its patrons the highest form of the artistic and also the neatest display of wild animals procurable. Among the special features in this department will be found a genuine Bearded Wanderboos from Africa; a duo of real Bengal tigers; a quartette of the finest performing African forest-bred lions; the Sun troupe of acting and pantomime elephants, said to be the very greatest "big animal" act in existence; then there is a plethora of Asiatic and Siberian camels, dromedaries, sacred cattle from India; huge African chimpanzees, baboons, monkeys, tropical birds, etc. Also an exhibit of real laughing spotted hyenas; altogether one of the most comprehensive displays of wild beasts and odd animals ever before exhibited anywhere.

The show uses ten acres of tents and pavilions and for the big top performance a big six-pole canvas is used and seats are provided for the largest possible audiences. Magnificent lights and spectacular illuminations are used at night time, in fact, making the show grounds and the interior of the tents as light as day time.

## FOR SALE.

1913 Model Motorcycles and Motor Boats at bargain prices. All makes, brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it, also bargains in used Motorcycles. Write us to-day. Enclose stamp for reply. Address, Lock Box 11, Trenton, Mich. 2710

Fall Of Watermelon Wagon. A farmer whose name could not be learned fell from a load of watermelons Monday on Julia street, and one of the wheels passed over his head, inflicting painful bruises. [Henderson Gleaner.]

A COMPULSORY RECOUNT  
OF ELECTION RETURNSShould Be Made In Order To  
Insure the Voter His  
Privileges.

The Owensboro Inquirer says:

Col. Jim Lemon, editor of the Mayfield Messenger, and a prominent First district politician, declares in favor of an amendment to the primary election law that would make a recount of the ballots by the election commissioners compulsory. He would have it done immediately after the election, and in the presence of the candidates and their friends. It is proper that a recount should be made because it would verify the returns made by the election officers or correct any errors they had made. There can be no objection to this, and it would no doubt prevent many a contest over the certificate of nomination.

There will have to be more fairness in the primaries if they are to prove popular with the masses. They can be made fair, and should be, for the reason that they afford the only means of getting at a full expression of the desires of the voters, and the voters should be so protected that the primary will be the expression of the choice of the party for nominees.

There should be no voting of Republicans in the Democratic primaries as was done by wholesales in the recent Statewide primary.

The Mayfield Messenger calls attention to the fact that fewer than 100 Republicans voted in their own primary in Marshall county, while nearly 3,000 votes were cast in the Democratic primary, or 1,200 to 1,300 more votes than Wilson received for President last November.

That nearly every Republican in Marshall county participated in the Democratic primary and helped to select the Democratic nominees.

There should be amendments to the election law to prevent such illegal voting. A general registration law should be passed to require every voter in the county to register, and the voter who casts his ballot in any primary except the one which the registration book shows that he is affiliated with, should be punished and the election officers who give a ballot to a voter other than for the party he has registered with also should be punished.

POPULAR YOUNG MAN  
DIES AT GREENVILLE

David Duncan, one of the most popular young men in Greenville, died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Duncan, on Thursday morning. His death caused a great shock to the entire community.

The deceased was in his 21st year and was a young man of splendid traits of character. He has been connected with his father in the insurance business for several years.

Although in declining health for several months past, young Duncan's condition was not serious until last Friday afternoon, when he suffered a hemorrhage of the lungs. He continued to sink until death came.

The funeral will occur at 4 o'clock this afternoon from the Presbyterian church, of which deceased was a consistent member. Many handsome floral tributes have been sent. Rev. Henderson will preach the funeral service.—[Central City Argus.]

Note.—Mr. and Mrs. Duncan, who were born and reared in Ohio county, have the profoundest sympathy of their many relatives and friends in this county.

## Safety Laxative For Women.

Nearly every woman needs a good laxative. Dr. King's New Life Pills are good because they are prompt, safe, and do not cause pain. Mrs. M. C. Lunay, of Leadville, Tenn., says: "Dr. King's New Life Pills helped her troubles greatly." Get a box to-day. Price 25c. Recommended by James H. Williams. m (Advertisement)

## Programme

For Trustees and Teachers' Meeting at Shultzown District, Friday, Sept. 19, 1913, at 10 o'clock a. m.: Devotional Exercises—Aaron Ross, Why I Teach—Frank Miller. Exciting Interest in Study—Annie Carter, O. H. Rock. School Discipline—Mae Hazenrigg, W. A. Casebeer. Money Value of Education—S. W. Taylor.

How the School Grounds may be made Attractive—Mary Sue Johnson, Shirley Shultz. Course of Study—E. S. Howard. How I Teach Children to Study—Ruth Hammons, Whispering in School—Bessie Balke, Earl Smith. Nature Study—Corinne Woodward, Mrs. S. O. Keown. Why Study History?—Verda Loyd, Harry Leach. Home Geography—Erdine Bunch, John Allen. Does it Require a Knowl-

edge of Psychology to be an Efficient Teacher?—A. H. Ross. Agriculture—Robt. Jackson, Ed Austin, J. A. Leach and Henry Taylor. How Can the Parent Become a Helper to the School?—Logan Smith, Worth Tichenor and Clarence Dennis. How Would You Encourage the Habit of Cleanliness?—Leslie Miller, Aaron Ross. Sanitation of the Schoolroom—Drs. Smith and Allen. Are Teachers Doing Their Duty?—General Discussion by Trustees.

MURDER MYSTERY MAY  
BE CLEARED UP NOW

Bowling Green, Ky., Aug. 30.—Indications point to a speedy solution of the Motley murder mystery, which has puzzled the county since the commission of the crime last Sunday night. The first arrest which has been made was that of Eugene Hunt, aged 47, last night by Deputy Sheriff Venable and Kilkenny at his home in this county. The warrant against him was sworn out by the wife of the murdered man, Jake Motley. She declares that Hunt made threats against her before the killing, and that he wanted her to kill her husband and elope with him.

At the time of the killing Mrs. Motley was at the home of her parents several miles from Hunt's home, and from her own home. Motley had ridden over to see her and had just returned and was putting his horse into the barn when some one who was hidden there emptied both barrels of a shotgun into his side. Although seriously injured he did not die till the next morning.

Eugene Hunt was a neighbor and was spending the night at Motley's and testified at the Coroner's inquest that he heard the shots and rushed out to the barn where he found Motley's body and carried it to the house.

The arrest of Hunt followed the swearing out of a warrant before the County Judge by Mrs. Motley.

Hunt stoutly denies the charges and attorneys have been retained by him. The September term of Circuit Court convenes here Monday and it is probable the case will be referred to the grand jury without a preliminary trial. All parties concerned in the case are well known.

WITCH STICK REWARDS  
KANSAS WATER HUNTER

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 1.—After five years of effort to persuade the water department of Kansas City, Kan., to extend mains to his neighborhood, Harry Snedeker resorted to the "witch stick" and found a rushing stream of clear, cold water beneath his back yard.

A few days ago Snedeker cut a forked branch from a peach tree. At the spot toward which the fork turned as he held it in his hand while walking in the yard, he ordered well diggers to begin operations. To-day when a thin stratum of rock was blasted at a depth of twenty-five feet a stream of water five feet deep and two feet wide was uncovered.

SHOOTS SELF THROUGH  
HEART BEFORE WIFE

Henderson, Ky., Sept. 1.—Lewis Daniels shot himself through the heart with his own pistol to-day. He killed himself in the presence of his wife, his little children and other relatives. Daniels, who was a well known citizen, was cleaning his pistol. He called for some lard, which was brought by his wife. He was manipulating the pistol when he accidentally snapped the hammer.

## No Such Simplicity.

And yet there was never such a thing as "Jeffersonian simplicity." Mr. Jefferson was not a man of simple life, but of a full and expensive life. He was an aristocrat in all his personal tastes and indulged himself. He had traveled in Europe and observed how the trick was turned there. And both as Secretary of State and as President he lived at the top of his time.—[Central City Argus.]

## Adenoids Are a Menace to Children.

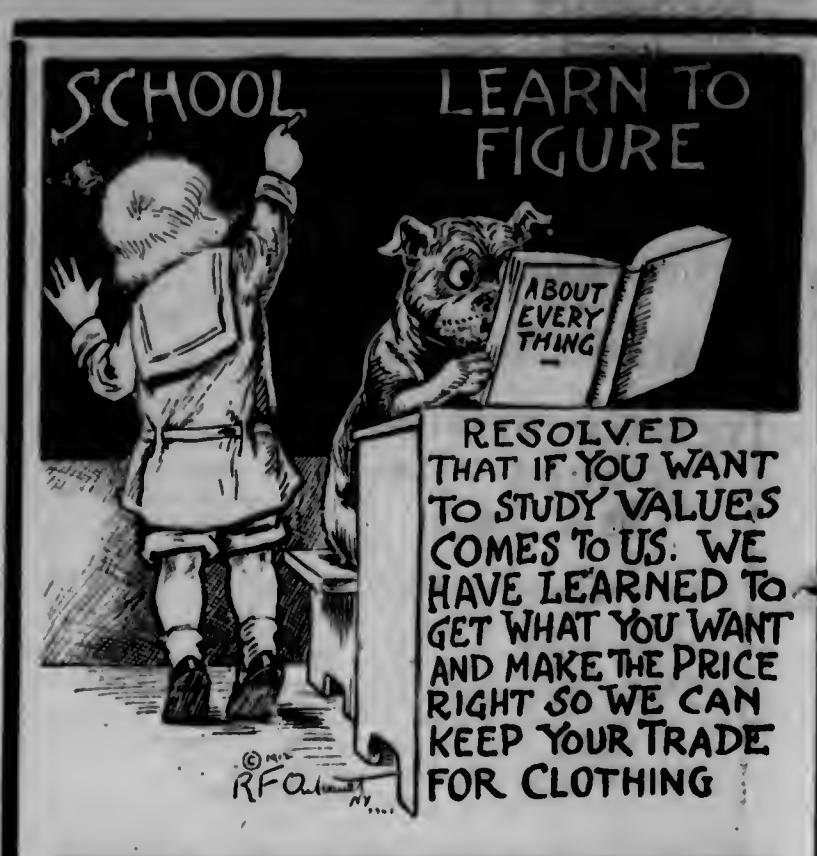
Babies and young children must be carefully watched for the growth of adenoids, which spoil the mental and physical life of a child. They usually result from a succession of colds and throat irritations, and their presence is so productive of harm, that many school boards have an examining physician to detect them. The conditions that cause them may be easily avoided by careful parents. Quickly and thoroughly cure all colds and throat irritations by the use of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and adenoids will not develop. Sold by all dealers.

(Advertisement)

## FOR SALE,

The best built five-room house—with ball—in Hartford. Everything new. Will take \$200 less than cost. Address Lock Box, No. 411.

Subscribe for The Hartford Herald.



YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF TO COME INTO OUR STORE AND SEE HOW WELL WE CAN PLEASE YOU IN A SUIT AND A FALL OR WINTER OVERCOAT. YOU CANNOT ONLY DEPEND UPON THE STYLE, MATERIAL AND MAKE OF THE CLOTHES WE SELL YOU, BUT ALSO UPON THE PRICE. WE SELL ONLY RELIABLE CLOTHING, AND WE PRICE IT AS LOW AS RELIABLE CLOTHES CAN BE SOLD FOR. COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU ON NOT ONLY CLOTHING, BUT EVERYTHING YOU HAVE TO BUY.

## CARSON &amp; CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

Kentucky State Fair  
SEPTEMBER 15 to 20, 1913

The Kentucky State Fair will offer to the farmers and livestock exhibitors an opportunity to exhibit the best products of their farms and best specimens of livestock and to the women an opportunity to display their handiwork and cookery at the 1913 Fair, for which liberal premiums are offered.

## \$30,000 in Premiums

## 6-BIG DAYS-6

Reduced Railroad Rates

For Information, Entry Blanks, Catalog, Etc., address

J. L. DENT, Secretary,

LOUISVILLE

FINAL WORK ON PANAMA  
CANAL NOW BEING DONE

Water Will Be Turned In Several Days Before the Time Set.

Panama, Sept. 1.—All steam shovel operations in Culebra Cut under this arrangement on October 5, five days in advance of the date set for the destruction of Gamboa dike. Therefore water will be admitted during a five-day period so that it may act as a cushion against the sides of the dike. The blast on October 5 is expected to cause a small opening in the barrier, which will gradually increase in size until a considerable stream flows into the cut and completes the work of filling it.

## Good For Billions.

"I took two of Chamberlain's Tablets last night, and I feel fifty per cent. better than I have for weeks," says J. F. Firestone, of Allegan, Mich. "They are certainly a fine article for billions." For sale by all dealers.

The Board of Missions of the Southern Methodist Church at Nashville has ordered all missionaries to leave Mexico at once.

**Children's Black Cat Stocking Week**  
August 23rd to August 30th



This Store is  
**Black Cat**  
Headquarters

## More Wear Less Darning

Send your children to school wearing Black Cat Stockings. Note how much longer they wear. See how little darning they need.

The heels are extended, the toes and knees are reinforced so they give double the wear of ordinary stockings. They are made especially for children who are "hard on stockings."

We specialize on Black Cat because we know they give the wear and satisfaction you demand. The makers of Black Cat Stockings have been making them for 30 years. They certainly have learned in that time how to make stockings that wear.

## **Black Cat Hose**

We carry Black Cat Children's Stockings in all sizes and three grades. Cotton, 15c and 25c a pair; Silk Lisle, 35c a pair. And we as well as the makers guarantee them.

This is the store for your children's school outfits—Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Furnishings, all at the most attractive prices.

Buy All Your Children's School Things Here.

**Fair & Co.**  
THE FAIR DEALERS

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

Dr. J. W. McCarty, Owensboro, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Dr. A. B. Riley and little son are visiting the former's parents in Evansville, Ind.

Mrs. J. W. Taylor and little daughter Vivian are visiting relatives at Birdseye, Ind.

Mrs. Amanda Nance returned Monday from a visit to friends and relatives at Williams Mines.

Hon. John J. McHenry, of Louisville, visited his mother, Mrs. Jennie T. McHenry, here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Crowe, Hartford, Route 7, were pleasant callers at The Herald office last Friday.

Mr. Douglas D. Felix returned Sunday from a few days' visit to relatives and friends in Greenville.

The Ohio County Fair Programs—2,000 in number—will be issued from The Herald job rooms to-day.

Mr. Wm. Fair, of the firm of Fair & Co., went to Louisville and Cincinnati yesterday to purchase a fall stock of goods.

Messrs. Glenn Barnes and Estill Barnett left yesterday for Elkhorn, Ky., where they go to enter their second year in the Vanderbilt Training School.

Mrs. R. N. Duke, Hartford, Route 1, is on the sick list.

Mr. Hugh Murray, of Equality, Ill., is in Hartford.

Mr. R. T. Her, city, is visiting relatives in Princeton, Ind.

Mr. G. B. Likens, Assistant State Auditor, Frankfort, Ky., spent Saturday and Sunday in Hartford.

There has not been a single marriage license issued from the Ohio County Clerk's office since Aug. 23.

Mr. J. M. Lane, of Washington, Pa., spent a few days in Hartford last week, looking after his oil interests here.

Mr. H. H. Ross, stenographer for Judge Jno. H. Wilson, who has been absent for two weeks, has returned to Hartford and resumed his work.

Mrs. John T. King, accompanied by her son Mr. Charlie King, spent a few days visiting relatives in the Bell's Run neighborhood last week.

Misses Artie and Bernice May, of Owensboro, who have spent the summer with their cousin, Mrs. Ernest Woodward, returned home Saturday.

Prof. E. Y. Allen and wife, formerly Miss Mattie Moseley, of this place, visited here last week. Prof. Allen is principal of the Central City High School.

Mrs. W. D. Morton, of Cleaton, Ky., came to Hartford recently to visit her aunt, Mrs. Jno. C. Thomas, and was with the latter when she died early yesterday morning.

Messrs. T. M. Her and E. S. McMillan, Cengertown; A. W. Carson, Hartford, Route 5, and E. F. Cook, Narrows, Route 2, were among The Herald's callers yesterday.

Mrs. W. H. Moore who has been seriously ill of erysipelas with complications, at her residence on Union street, for the past week, was no better at the hour of going to press.

There will be motion picture shows and illustrated songs at Dr. Bean's Opera House on Friday and Saturday nights. New films each night—something good. Admission only 10c.

Miss Sadie Maddox, of Morehouse, Mo., is visiting friends and relatives in and near Hartford. She will return to Missouri in about three weeks, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Clara Hines.

Mrs. J. Edwin Rowe, Owensboro, and Mrs. A. J. Casey, Lebanon, Tenn., arrived in Hartford yesterday, having been summoned on account of the sudden death of their sister, Mrs. John C. Thomas.

Mrs. Thomas was a devout Christian, an affectionate wife and devoted mother, who will be greatly missed in Hartford.

The bereaved family have the profoundest sympathy of every one in this their sad bereavement.

fore the last of this week, Mrs. Thompson and Miss Kinkade came home on the train.

Rev. G. H. McDonald, of Greenville, Ky., filled the pulpit at the Cumberland Presbyterian church in Hartford last Sunday morning at 11 o'clock and at night. Both services were well attended and highly enjoyed by all. This is the first time Rev. McDonald had preached for the Hartford church in twenty-one years and of course there were many of his former hearers missing as well as many new faces in their places to greet him.

### OIL FIELD NEWS.

The well on the Walter Allen farm is down 1,015 feet, with good showing for oil.

Headerson & Snyder, contractors, are down about 1,100 feet in the Sullenger well.

James Hancock, having bought a drilling outfit from Cravy & Roney, started to drilling on the Lucian Ambrose farm yesterday morning.

Messrs. George E. Snowden, J. C. Bright, R. E. Lee Summerman, Rowan Holbrook and Hugh Murray were, at a meeting of the stockholders at Sunnydale, this county, yesterday, elected as directors of the West Kentucky Oil Co. for the ensuing year.

### Mrs. John C. Thomas Dead.

Mrs. Lula Thomas, wife of Mr. John C. Thomas, died rather suddenly at her residence in Hartford yesterday morning about 2 o'clock of cancer of the lungs. After funeral services to be conducted by her pastor, Rev. W. E. English at the Baptist church at 10 o'clock this morning, her remains will be interred in Oakwood Cemetery by the side of her three children, a sister, Miss Lizzie Walker, and parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Dudley Walker, all of whom preceded her several years ago. The deceased, who was forty-six years of age, had been a consistent member of the Baptist church since early girlhood. She leaves surviving a husband, Mr. Jno. C. Thomas, one son, Elijah Thomas, brother, Mr. R. D. Walker, of Hartford; two sisters, Mrs. J. Edwin Rowe, Owensboro, and Mrs. A. J. Casey, Lebanon, Tenn.

Mrs. Thomas was a devout Christian, an affectionate wife and devoted mother, who will be greatly missed in Hartford.

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### Walter Patterson Arrested.

Walter Patterson was arrested by Charles L. Wedding at Sulphur Springs last Saturday afternoon and brought to Hartford, where the charges of carrying concealed a deadly weapon and drawing same on another were slated against him.

The defendant was released from custody of the Jailer Monday morning, after executing bond of \$200 for his appearance in Judge R. R. Wedding's court next Saturday for trial.

After his release a writ was issued on his affidavit for the arrest of Charles L. Wedding, charging him with shooting at another with intent to kill, without wounding. The writ was placed in the hands of Sheriff T. H. Black to execute.

Mr. C. H. Dennison, of Hamilton, Ohio, accompanied by his sister, Miss Mary B. Dennison, of Wilmington, Del., will arrive by auto to-day from Hamilton to spend a few days in Hartford. They will return the latter part of this week to Hamilton, accompanied by Mr. Dennison's daughter, Miss Maude, and Miss Elsie Matthews. Miss Elsie is visiting her father here and Miss Maude is her guest.

I have placed an order for the third car of Arab since June 23, 1913. If you are in need of Arab, you had better order now, as I can't keep it in stock. Will likely be out before another ear arrives. Special price by the ton for cash. Don't get Arab confused with other alfalfa feeds. Arab contains no screenings or any worthless material. Sold by W. E. ELLIS, Produce Merchant, Hartford.

Messrs. C. M. Taylor, Beaver Dam; S. F. Taylor, Beaver Dam, Route 2; C. H. Thomson and John Daniel, Horton; J. W. Wilson, Prentiss; N. B. White, Olaton; Thos. Maddox, Hartford, Route 4; W. P. Maddox and Nathan Montgomery, Centertown, Route 1; R. L. Balze and C. T. Maddox, Beaver Dam, Route 1; John Keith, Horse Branch, and G. B. Bartlett, Hartford, Route 5, were among our callers Monday.

Mrs. R. B. Thompson and niece, Miss Lennie Kinkade, Horton, who had been visiting Mrs. Thompson's daughter, Mrs. Rutherford Duke, of near Calhoun, returned home Friday. Mr. R. B. Thompson, Jr., who accompanied them to McLean county, will not return home until the latter part of this week, one of the horses having gotten crippled and not being able to make the trip be-

fore the last of this week. Mrs. Thompson and Miss Kinkade came home on the train.

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*The Hartford Herald*

**Illinois Central Railroad—Time Table at Beaver Dam, Ky.**  
North Bound. South Bound.  
No. 132—4:05 a.m. No. 121—11:35 p.m.  
No. 122—12:28 p.m. No. 101—2:48 p.m.  
No. 102—2:48 p.m. No. 131—8:55 p.m.  
J. E. Williams, Agt.

**SOME ODD FACTS  
ABOUT OUR SOIL**

**The Heat Penetrates Only  
Three Feet Down.**

**SOME WARMER THAN OTHERS**

**Experiments Have Shown Difference In Temperature  
Below Surface.**

**"COLD" AND "WARM" SOILS**

How far does the heat of the full summer's sun penetrate into the ground?

Probably not one person in ten will give an answer that is even approximately correct. Their replies generally vary from one inch to many hundreds of feet. Actually, the distance is about three feet. Beyond this depth the temperature of the soil does not vary appreciably from hour to hour, let the midday be never so hot and the midnight never so cold. At this depth the mean temperature in the summer is about 58 degrees Fahrenheit, and in the winter about 36 degrees Fahrenheit.

And the annual difference? That is to say, the depth at which there is some difference between the summer temperature and that of the winter? Well, at a depth of 60 feet it is impossible to measure any change due to the changing seasons overhead. Go down only 40 feet and it is minute—hardly measurable. But at 25 feet to 30 feet it is quite a definite amount.

The surface heat must take a long while to penetrate downward. In fact, curiously enough, the change in temperature of the ground takes more than six months to reach the end of its twenty-foot journey. Thus, we are faced with the phenomenon of midsummer upon the surface occurring at the same time as midwinter 25 to 30 feet down, and vice versa.

As most people are aware, the temperature increases with the depth. At three feet down the average annual mean is just short of 45 degrees Fahrenheit, while at 25 feet it is just over a degree more, that is, 47 degrees Fahrenheit.

In agricultural districts you will hear farmers in the same village talking about "cold" soils and "warm" soils. This, although it sounds improbable to those who have never had anything to do with the land, is an actual fact.

Everybody knows, from personal experience, that black cloths are hotter to wear when a hot summer's sun is shining than white ones, hence the "blankets" for men and the white frocks for girls. The reason for this is that black and other dark colors absorb heat, while white and the lighter shades reflect it. And this applies to soils equally with cloths.

Those soils which by their ingredients are a darker color are literally warmer than their lighter neighbors. Peaty soils, some of which are nearly black, others a rich dark brown, are the warmest. Light-colored clays and chalk the coldest. There may be as much as 15 or 16 degrees Fahrenheit between the temperatures of two soils lying next each other and upon the same day. On a warm summer's day the temperature of peaty soil may well be over 87 degrees Fahrenheit, while a chalky field of similar situation in the same district will not rise above 73 to 74 degrees Fahrenheit.

Of course, the great advantage of a warm soil is that the crops upon it come to maturity so much earlier than those upon a cold one. Therefore, the man who is cultivating the former is enabled to place his produce upon the market very much sooner than his rival, and often gets an enhanced price in consequence.—[Tit Bits.]

**POSTMASTER GENERAL'S REPORT ON POST ROADS**

Washington, Aug. 29.—Postmaster General Burleson and Secretary of Agriculture Houston have transmitted to the House a preliminary report on the improvement of post roads throughout the country under the provision of the last Post-office Appropriation Bill, which sets aside

\$500,000 for this work in co-operation with State and county authorities. The report shows that Kentucky was one of twenty-eight States that were offered \$10,000 of this amount and failed to avail themselves of it because the requirement that the State spend twice the amount given by the Federal Government was not met.

Only six States, namely Maine, Connecticut, Vermont, Iowa, Alabama and Oregon, accepted the scheme at once. In the last three named the work of improvement is already under way.

The report states that after the scheme of allotting \$10,000 to the States had failed so generally a new plan was devised, and the Governor of each State was asked to designate a road in a locality where the money would be forthcoming to co-operate with the Federal Government under the law. Kentucky was one of sixteen States to respond, and negotiations are now in progress with these sixteen States looking toward the expenditure of the money in places where it is most needed.

Kentucky has already been allotted \$37,000 under this arrangement to aid in the building of a road from Mt. Sterling to Maysville.

**NOTHING GREAT BUT GOD  
—NOTHINGNESS OF MAN**

When Massillon pronounced one of those discourses which have placed him in the first class of orators, he found himself surrounded by the trappings and pageants of a royal funeral. The temple was not only hung with sable, but shadowed with darkness, save the few twinkling lights on the altar. The beauty and the chivalry of the land were spread out before him. The censors threw out their fumes of incense, mounting in wreaths to the gilded dome. There sat Majesty clothed in sackcloth and sunk in grief. All fell in common and as one. It was a breathless suspense. Not a sound stole upon the awful stillness. The master of mighty eloquence arose. His hands were folded on his breast; his eyes were lifted to heaven. Utterance seemed denied to him. He stood abashed and lost. At length his fixed look unbent—it hurried over the scene, where every pomp was mingled and every trophy strewn. It found no resting place for itself amidst all that idle parade and all that acocking vanity. Again it settled; it had fastened upon the bier, glittering with escutcheons and volved with plumes. A sense of the indescribable nothingness of man "at his best estate," of the meanness of the highest human grandeur now made plain in the spectacle of that hearse mortal, overcame him. His eyes once more closed, his action was suspended, and in a scarcely audible whisper he broke the long-drawn pause: "There is nothing great but God."—[Sermon by Dr. Hamilton.]

**Get Rid of the Torment of Rheumatism.**

That you can do by riddling yourself of the cause. Weak, sluggish, inactive kidneys allow the uric acid crystals to circulate in the blood, and these lodging in the joints and muscles, cause rheumatism, lumbago, and stiff, swollen joints. Foley Kidney Pills ease your pain and torment from the time you begin taking them. They positively and permanently build up the kidneys, restore their normal action, and strain out the uric acid crystals that cause rheumatism and lumbago. Try them. Sold by all dealers.

[Advertisement]

**AN AUTO FRIGHTENED  
THE HORSE TO DEATH**

Madisonville, Ky., Aug. 29.—Becoming frightened at an approaching automobile, a horse being driven by Earl Wilson became frightened and dropped dead almost in its tracks. The owner filed suit for \$300 against the owner of the auto.

**Fame.**

McGillups, filled with bless-you-my-children spirit, had gone back to visit the little town where he was born and reared. The first man he met was the village drayman. "Hello, Uncle Sime!" he said. "Why, if it ain't Tobe Mack!" exclaimed the old man. "Where you hangin' out now, Tobe?"

"Where? In New York City, of course."

**"How are y' makin' it?"**

"Pretty well, Uncle Sime. I've been writing stories for the magazines for about fifteen years."

"Gosh! What won't some people do to keep from workin' for a livin'!"

**To Prevent Blood Poisoning**

apply at once the wonderful old reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTIETIC HEALING OIL, a surgical dressing that relieves pain and heals at the same time. Not a liniment. 25c, 50c \$1.00.

Men stand defeat pretty well, but those who can stand success are exceedingly rare.

Subscribe for The Hartford Herald.

**FIVE PERSONS KILLED  
WHEN TRAIN HITS AUTO****Babes Are Among the Dead—A Series Of Similar Accidents Reported.**

Pittsburg, Penn., Aug. 28.—Five persons, an entire family and a guest, were killed when an automobile was struck by a train on the Conemaugh Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad near the Freeport Station, 30 miles north of here, this afternoon. The train was a special, in which were officials of the railroad.

The dead were:

E. J. ROWAN, of Breckenridge, Penn.

MRS. E. J. ROWAN.

ELLIOTT LLOYD ROWAN, 1 year old.

MADELINE ROWAN, 3 years old.

MRS. HELEN WOOD SMITH, a sister of Mrs. Rowan.

Rowan was driving the machine. He could not see down the tracks because a station obstructed the view on one side and freight cars on the other. His machine was not going rapidly, and had had enough warning. It is thought that he could have stopped his machine in time to have prevented the tragedy.

The train was returning from Butler, carrying officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who were on a tour of inspection. The train was running backward down the track, and according to report, was not equipped with a whistle on the front car.

The train came down the track at a high rate of speed and crashed into the machine with a terrible impact. It struck the machine with such force that it lifted part of the machine on the front car and carried it several hundred feet down the track.

Within an hour after the accident the entire family had succumbed. The bodies of the victims were removed to Freeport.

Rowan had taken his family for an afternoon trip, accompanied by Mrs. Rowan's sister, who was visiting her. She was a resident of Bridgewater, Penn.

**Four Persons Injured.**

Marietta, O., Aug. 28.—As a result of the overturning of an automobile, which, it is alleged, was being driven at terrific speed on the River road, not far from here early to-day, Miss Lulu Hale was probably fatally injured and Bradon Suyder was seriously hurt. Marshall Windom, who was driving the machine, and another woman escaped with minor injuries.

**Two Persons Killed.**

Kankakee, Ill., Aug. 28.—Two persons were killed and one was seriously injured to-night when the Big Four "White City Flyer," Chicago-bound, struck a touring car belonging to Jacob Rediger, of Chicago.

Mrs. Rediger and her daughter were killed and a young son was seriously injured. Jacob Rediger and an older son, who was driving the car, jumped and escaped injury.

Passengers on the train were thrown into a panic as the gasoline tank of the automobile exploded when struck by the train, throwing ribbons of fire into the coaches.

**Falls From Auto.**

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 28.—L. A. Holster, a foreman, was fatally injured this afternoon while attempting to board a passing automobile driven by Henry Will. The machine was going about 12 miles an hour, and Holster tried to get on it. He missed his hold and his head struck the pavement, fracturing his skull.

**Avoid the Bronchial Coughs of Early Fall.**

The changeable weather of early fall brings on bronchitis and a hard cough that is wearing on the system, and seems to tear open the bronchial tubes and mucus lining of the throat. Use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound promptly, for it will soothe and heal the inflamed mucous lining, relieve the cough quickly, and help to expel the cold. It contains no opiates. Get the genuine in the yellow package, and refuse substitutes. Sold by all dealers.

[Advertisement]

**A MOTHER REVIVED  
BABY WITH HER LIPS**

Determined that her baby boy should live though three physicians declared he could not, Mrs. J. H. Spaulding, of Oklahoma City, kept the spark of life aglow for ten days by artificial respiration produced by her own lips. According to the medical staff of the Children's Hospital here, it is the most remarkable case of artificial respiration on record.

Everett Spaulding was born six weeks ago, but soon after birth was seized with an affection of the heart. Three physicians declared the child

mother, who is a native of California, resolved to bring the child to Los Angeles. On the way, in Pullman berth, the father reached over and felt the baby's body. It was cold. He aroused the mother, who, finding that the heart had ceased beating, placed her lips over the mouth of the child, exhausted the air in her lungs and allowed fresh air to pour back. This process continued for several minutes revived the baby.

When the train reached Tucson, Ariz., the child again had died, apparently. The conductor gently told the parents that the body had to be taken to the baggage car. The mother brought it back to life. Upon arrival at Los Angeles the baby appeared stronger, but four days later it grew worse, and four hours after being taken to the hospital today the child was dead.—[Los Angeles Cor. New York Times.]

POEMS YOU'LL ENJOY.

The Herald's Special Selections.

THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME.

Way down upon de Swannee river,  
Far, far away,  
Dere's what my heart is turnin' eber,  
Dere's whar de ole folks stay.  
All up and down de whole creation,  
Sadly I roam,  
Still longin' for de ole plantation,  
An' forde ole folks at home.

CHORUS.

All de world am sad and dreary,  
Ebrywhere I roam,

Oh, darkies, how my heart grows weary

Far from de ole folks at home.

All roun' de little farm I wandered,  
When I was young,

Dere many happy days I squandered,

Maide songs I sung.

When I was playin' wild my brudder,

Happy was I,

Oh, take me to my kind ole mudder

Dere let me live and die.

One little hut among de bushes,

One dat I love,

Still sadly to my mem'ry rushes,

No matter where I rove.

When will I see de bees a hummin'

All round de comb?

When will I hear de banjo strummin'

Down in my good ole home?

All de world am sad and dreary,

Ebrywhere I roam,

Oh, darkies, how my heart grows weary

Far from de ole folks at home.

SPLENDID EXAMPLE.

OF HOME DEFINITION

The following story is told by a teacher who was giving language lessons to a class of small boys. She would write a short sentence on the blackboard and then ask the pupils to define the words. One day she wrote the word disarrange, and called for a definition of it. The faces of the boys wore a puzzled look and each glanced at the other, wondering what the meaning might be. Presently a little Italian boy raised his hand.

"Well, Nicolo," said the teacher. "I don't exactly know, but it has something to do with a stove."

"Oh, no, you are mistaken," said the teacher. "What makes you think it has anything to do with a stove?"

"Because efrey mornin' when my papa he getta up to maka de fire, he say 'Dam-a-dis-a-range.'"

KINCHELOE TO RUN FOR CONGRESS IN THE SECOND

Madisonville, Ky., Aug. 28.—It is now known that David H. Kincheloe, of this city, will be a candidate for Congress in the Second Congressional District to succeed A. O. Stanley, who is an announced candidate for the United States Senate. Mr. Kincheloe stated he was in the race to win and that his formal announcement would appear at an early date.

Well, Nicolo," said the teacher.

Mrs. Jones—My sister is worried to death over her son, Reginald. She wants him to enter the ministry, his father wants him to go into business, while Reginald himself has got his mind set on being an actor, and says nothing shall keep him from it.

Mrs. Brown—Ill. How old is he?

Mrs. Jones—He's getting on for seven.

It's easy for the man with a candid opinion to eliminate friends.

ADVERTISING!

Every kind of business needs advertising nowadays to make it succeed. There are two kinds of advertising—the good and the bad; the kind that brings results and the kind which does no good. Of course you want the first mentioned, in order to be sure of the result.

WE ARE HERE

To serve you in the right way. Advertising in a good, live paper with large circulation, like THE HERALD, brings sure results. Tell us what you want and let us figure you an estimate. The figuring is free and the advertising won't cost you much. It will help you. Try it.

THE HERALD, Hartford, Ky.

AYER'S SARASPARILLA

Oldest, Safest, Strongest, Best.

## DARING SHOOTERS

Moonlighters in the Early Days of Our Oil Wells.

### FORCED TO WORK IN SECRET.

These Bold Spirits, to Dodge the Owner of the Patent Method of Shooting Wells, Had to Operate at Night—Men and Machinery Often Annihilated.

One of the most dangerous and at the same time romantic phases of the early oil business was known as moonlighting. In the beginning of the oil excitement a certain man held the patent on the method of shooting the wells. Having a monopoly of the trade, he could and did charge whatever price he saw fit.

As a result of this condition of affairs there sprang into existence a number of bold spirits who began the manufacture of nitroglycerine, the explosive used, and shooting the wells for much less money than the patent holder charged. They were forced to use the greatest secrecy in their work, for the patent holder had men employed for the express purpose of spying on all the wells drilled. A stiff fine for the first offense and a prison term for the second were the punishments inflicted on the men unlucky enough to get caught.

These outlaw shooters had their plants for making the glycerin located in some out-of-the-way spot and when their services were required did their shooting by moonlight, hence the name moonlighter. Many and varied were the adventures that befell these moonlighters. A driller coming out from town to a well one day saw a can half hidden in a fence corner and stopped to investigate. Taking off the lid, he saw what he supposed was bad oil. Well pleased with his find, he took it along with him. He showed his treasure to his mates at the well and then used some of it to lubricate the engine. For some reason the men were called from the vicinity of the derrick. They had got but a short distance when there was an explosion that tilted the costly engine for the scrap heap. A close inspection of the supposed bad oil revealed the startling fact that it was nitroglycerine. It was a frightened lot of men who gingerly returned the can to the fence corner from which the driller had taken it.

It proved to be the property of a moonlighter who had left it there, intending to return for it if that night,

In so dangerous an occupation as moonlighting many fatal accidents were to be expected. I recall very distinctly two that occurred within a short time of each other.

In the first, the moonlighter, a big blond Swede, had come straight from his wedding to the well. The liquor he had been drinking in celebration of his marriage had ruffled his usually placid temper. He had filled the shell with the glycerin and was endeavoring to slip the cap into place. His hands were a trifle unsteady, and he fumbled it several minutes. Finally, losing his temper, he roughly jerked the cap into place and struck the percussion cap a heavy blow with his fist.

There was a crash that shook the very earth. The derrick and everything in it was down to timber. The men who had been watching the operation were instantly killed.

Some time later another terrible accident happened. The moonlighter was a young fellow and noted for his careful work. The well he was to shoot had made a line showing in the sand, and the owner confidently expected a gusher. The shot was started down, and everything seemed to be going all right. There were several men in the derrick, and a tool dresser stood waiting for the shot to reach the bottom of the well when the piece of iron he held in his hand, which was called the go-devil, would be sent down to set it off. The moonlighter let the rope, which was stretched taut by the weight of the heavy shot, run through his hands. Suddenly the rope snapped. He knew only too well what that meant. The gas in the well was forcing the shot back out.

"It is coming out! For God's sake help me catch it!" he yelled to the tool dresser.

With a shriek the tool dresser fled, and the others knowing their terrible danger, followed him. The shooter, prompted by the mad hope of catching the shell as it came out and thus averting the disaster, stuck to his post.

There came a deafening explosion that reduced the derrick to a mass of kindling wood. The boiler and engine were twisted wrecks. Strewed upon the ground were the mangled remains of what had been so short a time before strong men. The moonlighter, who had tried with such desperate courage to save them, had been completely annihilated.

Nitroglycerine is when handled in broad daylight and under most favorable conditions a dangerous article. How greatly the danger was increased by handling it as the moonlighters were compelled to may easily be understood. It was without doubt a most hazardous occupation, but the excitement connected with it, to say nothing of the large amount of money received for their services, proved irresistible to the reckless and daring fellows who became moonlighters.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch*.

Many a courtship has been converted into a battlefield.

### SOCIALISM AND RELIGION.

### THE HOME MAN.

(By William H. Cundiff.) Socialism offers a safe, sound and sane method for the production and distribution of wealth, strictly in accordance with economic justice and industrial freedom, in that it will produce for use, instead of for profit, which as a matter of course, will concede to each and every one his or her full social labor product; i.e., all he or she earns by his or her labor. This can be accomplished only by collective, or common, or social, or co-operative, or equal, or public ownership of the means of production and distribution.

Socialism means a complete transformation of society, socially, industrially, economically and politically, from the present system of capitalism, with its concomitant, profit, which surely, truly and automatically robs the whole working class of the surplus value of its labor product, which is the difference between the wages of the workers and the full and actual value (as measured by labor) of their labor product, which is eighty per cent.

Socialism is a matter of Political Economy. Its fundamental principles are based on three things, viz.:

1. Economic Determinism.
2. Surplus Value.
3. The Class Struggle.

It has naught to do with religion. It takes no particular cognizance of the spiritual side of life, although "The Ethics of Socialism are identical with the Ethics of Christianity."

It concerns the social, industrial, economic and material affairs of human life.

Strictly speaking, it is economic, rather than political, and is organized under the name of the Socialist party only for the purpose of capturing the political powers of government for the sole purpose of overthrowing capitalism and instituting the social, political, industrial, economic and fraternal methods of Socialism in a co-operative Commonwealth.

Socialism, by its grant of equal economic opportunity, through and by the equal ownership of the means of life, labor and living, and by its further grant, to each according to his deeds," (works), is altogether just, moral, and right!

Socialism, by its justice and equality to all, and its righteousness and democracy in all things, will instill, "On earth, peace, good will toward men."

It makes "The injury of one the concern of all." It is social rectitude. Jesus taught us to feed the hungry, visit the sick and fatherless, and to clothe the naked. Socialism provides for all. Socialism conforms to the teaching of Jesus.

Isn't this practical religion?

The Socialist Party Platform is squarely for Human Brotherhood (without which the Brotherhood of God cannot be), and, in all that it advocates and demands, conforms to the teachings of the Lowly Nazarene, who was Himself a useful worker, sharing in the poverty and privations of the working class of His day.

He inveighed against robbery, injustice, inhumanity, and hypocrisy.

Socialism condemns robbery, injustice, inhumanity, and hypocrisy, whether they be sanctioned by the church or by society.

Economically and ethically, Socialism is a PURE RELIGION?

Lassing to Retire.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 28.—Judge John M. Lassing was in Washington to-day on his way home. When he arrives, which will be about Saturday, he will retire as Appellate Judge and resume the practice of law. He had a long conference with Senator James here today.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out diarrhea and builds up the system. A true tonic and aperient. For adults and children. 50c.

His Views.

"Do you eat the same kind of grub you feed the summer boarders?"

"I do," answered Farmer Whittletree.

"A farmer's life is a hard one, ain't it?" responded the city man.

After a Rich Husband.

"Why has your daughter dropped her hospital work so soon?"

"She found she'd have to nurse poor patients for two years before they trusted her with any millions. So she's going on the stage in a modest comedy."

Many a courtship has been converted into a battlefield.

**Ayer's Pills**  
Good health demands at least one movement of the bowels each day. Just one Ayer's Pill at bedtime. Sold for 60 years. Ask Your Doctor.

J. C. Ayer & Son,  
Lowell, Mass.

Subscribe for The Herald—\$1 a year.

Good health demands at least one movement of the bowels each day. Just one Ayer's Pill at bedtime. Sold for 60 years. Ask Your Doctor.

J. C. Ayer & Son,  
Lowell, Mass.

Subscribe for The Herald—\$1 a year.

## OUTLAW LAFITTE.

Old Time Patriot Pirate of the Gulf of Mexico.

### HE WAS COURTY AND BRAVE

And as Mild a Mannered Man as Ever Scuttled Ship or Cut a Throat—He Boldly Faced Andrew Jackson, Won His Friendship and Fought For Him.

In the brave days of old Jean Lafitte, the patriot pirate of the gulf, reigned over a little outlaw kingdom of his own within a few miles of the city of New Orleans.

A picturesque figure was Jean Lafitte, with a graceful, courtly delivery about him which made him popular with many of the most estimable dwellers in New Orleans. Handsome, able, fierce, averse to the shedding of blood and even possessed of loyalty to the government whose excise laws he made it his business to break.

Lafitte was French. He drifted to Louisiana in the early years of the nineteenth century and settled in privacy in the bay of Barataria, a sheltered harbor on the gulf of Mexico, protected by a long island called Grand Terre, where Jean Lafitte dwelt in a house of brick, with broad and comfortable verandas, where one might fall at ease in a hammock, smoking and drinking lazily, while pirates waited in to bring reports of plunder taken and prospects ahead.

No crude or common pirate was this Jean Lafitte. He held a privateer's commission from the republic of Paraguay, which had been recently established in South America and has long since been forgotten, and this commission gave him the right to plunder Spanish ships. Lafitte's followers were a motley collection—black, white, yellow and red, restless and reckless rovers of the sea. Lafitte trafficked in silk and gold and negroes and sold his goods openly at auction even in the city of New Orleans.

He was popular, too; there is no doubt of that. Had it been otherwise he would not have been permitted to remain five years in Barataria. As early as 1808 we find governors of Louisiana thundering against him, but Lafitte went calmly about his business. Occasionally a revenue officer was killed in touch with the pirates. invariably Lafitte expressed his sorrow that bloodshed had become necessary. A case was brought against him in the federal court. The district attorney was a man named Grymes. Lafitte went to see Grymes, and the result of the visit was that the district attorney resigned his office and undertook Lafitte's defense. He and the lawyer who assisted him were promised \$20,000 apiece for their services and got it. After the case was dismissed Grymes went to Barataria to receive his fee and spent a week feasting with the pirates, who treated him with princely hospitality and escorted him back to the Mississippi in a handsome yawl, laden with caskets of gold and silver.

Repeated attempts had been made to organize a military expedition to destroy Lafitte's pirate colony, but up to the year 1811 they had always come to nothing. In September of that year a British brig anchored six miles from Barataria pass, and its captain came ashore and offered Lafitte a captain's commission in the British navy and \$30,000 if he would join the British in an attack against New Orleans.

Lafitte pretended to consider the offer, sending word meantime to a member of the legislature of the British captain's offer and declaring that he would never accept it. He sent another letter to Governor Chalmette, who had offered \$5,000 for Lafitte's head and for whose head Lafitte in return, in a spirit of gay bravado, had offered a reward of \$50,000. Lafitte suggested that the governor extend clemency to his pirates, who in return would aid in the defense of the state against the British. The offer was rejected, and an expedition under Commodore Patterson of the United States navy swooped down on Barataria unexpectedly, tore down the briar house, confiscated much plunder and drove out the pirates.

Jean Lafitte and his brother Pierre escaped and established themselves on the lower Mississippi. Meanwhile Andrew Jackson had arrived to undertake the defense of New Orleans. Jean Lafitte went boldly into New Orleans to see him, although the fiery general had declared he would have nothing to do with "these pirates and hellish banditti." There must have been a peculiar charm and persuasiveness about Jean Lafitte, for after the interview Jackson changed his mind, accepted the aid of the pirates and showed the utmost trust in them. And throughout the siege of New Orleans the followers of Lafitte showed themselves worthy of confidence. They were excellent gunners, and two of Lafitte's captains, Dominique You and a man named Beuche, were put in charge of ships. When the British had been driven away Jackson recommended that Lafitte and his men be granted pardon for all previous misdemeanors, and the thing was done.

Nobody seems to know exactly what became of Jean Lafitte and his brother. In 1816 we find Jean in Galveston, Tex., whence he was chased by the Spanish government in 1820. Later there came stories of cruises in the Caribbean. The call of the sea was too strong for the quiet life Baratarian.

*Kansas City Star.*

Our lives will be no higher than our aims.

Thrice a Week Edition  
**New York World**

Practically a Daily at  
the Price of a Weekly

No other Newspaper in the World Gives  
so Much at so Low a Price.

This is a time of great events and you will want the news accurately and promptly. The Democrats, for the first time in sixteen years, will have the Presidency and they will also control both branches of Congress. The political news is sure to be of the most absorbing interest.

The World has long since established a record for impartiality, and anybody can afford its Three-a-Week edition, which comes every other day in the week, except Sunday. It will be of particular value to you now. The Thrice-a-Week World also abounds in other strong features, original stories, humor, market, cartoons; in fact, everything that is to be found in a newspaper.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE HARTFORD HERALD both together for one year for only \$1.35.

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FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

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A SPLENDID CLUBBING BARGAIN.

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The Cincinnati

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It is issued every Thursday, subscription price \$1 per year, and it is one of the best home metropolitan weeklies of to-day. It has all the features of the DAILY ENQUIRER for obtaining the world's events, and for that reason can give you all the leading news. It carries a great amount of valuable farm matter, crisp editorials and reliable up-to-date market reports. Its numerous departments make it a necessity to every home, farm or business man.

This grand offer is limited and we advise you to take advantage by subscribing for the above combination right now. Call or mail orders to THE HERALD, Hartford, Ky.

## LOOK ON THE FIRST PAGE

Or the wrapper around your Herald. You will find a little yellow slip. It has printed on it your name and a date after it. The date shows when your subscription expires or when it did expire. This is all the book we keep of your subscription account, and there is no excuse for you not knowing just how you stand with THE HERALD. We are trying to get our subscription list on a strictly cash-on-delivery basis, so as to avoid trouble and misunderstanding. We do not want to force the paper upon anybody against their will, but we want all that is due us. Please give this matter your very prompt attention. Look at that little yellow slip containing your name. It will tell you just what you need to know, without any explanation from us. If it is wrong in any way, let us know. Anyhow, please pay us what is due. It takes much money to run a good newspaper nowadays, hence we must keep our subscription accounts collected up. Either come to The Herald office and pay the arrears and a year in advance, or, if you are not coming to town soon, send us a check or post-office money-order for the amount due. We will appreciate it and it will make us think you really want the paper.

## SIX

Good Reasons Why The Herald Should do Your Job Printing

### ONE

Intelligent understanding of your needs and expert knowledge of how to meet and satisfy them.

### TWO

Close personal attention to detail in the execution of every job.

### THREE

Internal shop efficiency, skilled workmen, modern machinery and thorough supervision clear through.

### FOUR

Our own appreciation of the real value of what we offer, resulting in an unalterably high standard of output.

### FIVE

An unusual degree of success in promptness of delivery and meeting the emergency demands.

### SIX

The helpful policy of supplying from our technical knowledge, when needed, the idea or suggestion required to give the touch of distinctiveness.

We think you'll like our service.

**HERALD JOB ROOMS,**  
Hartford, Ky.

*The Hartford Herald***L. & E. RAILROAD TIME TABLE AT HARTFORD, KY.**

The following L. & E. Time Card is effective from Thursday, Jan. 28:

**NORTH bound—**  
No. 172 due at Hartford 7:19 a. m.  
No. 174 due at Hartford 2:55 p. m.

**SOUTH bound—**  
No. 115 due at Hartford 8:15 a. m.  
No. 113 due at Hartford 1:46 p. m.

**H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.****THE ANNUAL REUNION  
OF THE ORPHAN BRIGADE**

The Fiftieth Anniversary Of Chickamanga Will Be Celebrated.

The annual reunion of the Orphan Brigade of the Confederate army will be held at the Confederate Home, Pewee Valley, on Friday, September 19, the fiftieth anniversary of the first day's battle of Chickamanga, in which great struggle the brigade participated with that gallantry which always characterized it in action, suffering heavy losses in killed and wounded. In the second day's battle Gen. Ben Hardin Helm, commanding the brigade, was killed.

The address of welcome will be delivered by Col. Henry George, commandant of the Home, the response for the brigade being by Gen. W. B. Haldeman, commander of the Kentucky Division of United Confederate Veterans.

Lunch will be served at the Home under the auspices of the members of the Albert Sidney Johnson Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, of Louisville, which insures that nothing will be left undone that would tend to the comfort of the veterans.

When lunch and the business meeting have been concluded the veterans will go to Louisville, proceeding directly to the State Fair Grounds as the guests of the Confederate veterans resident in that city. As there are reduced rates on all the railroads during the fair, it is expected that the reunion will be largely attended.

**RICKETTS.**

Sept. 1.—Several from here attended the singing convention at Barnett's Creek Sunday.

The singing at Mr. Shelby Rock's Friday night was much enjoyed by all present.

Miss Lonella Hoover, of Clear Run, is visiting Miss Eva Daniel, of this place.

Miss Ennie Lee, of Beaver Dam, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Martha Lee.

Misses Bertha Westerfield and Madaline Barbaard, of Sanderford Crossing, spent Tuesday night with Miss Eva Daniel, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Lige Hoover and children, Sarah and Artie, and Miss Lillian Hock spent Saturday with Mr. Clifton Hoover and family, of Clear Run.

**CENTERTOWN**

Sept. 1.—Quite an epidemic of typhoid fever is prevalent in this community. Among the recent cases are Mrs. Clark Everly, Mrs. J. B. Swain and Mrs. Cooper.

School convenes here this morning under the supervision of Prof. Russell Cooper, of Fordsville.

Several from here attended the examining trial of Mr. Clarence Keown at Hartford, last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. E. S. McMillan has sold his beautiful residence at this place and is planning upon moving to Russellville right soon.

Mrs. Annie Boston, of Hartford, visited Mrs. J. C. Jackson and other relatives of this vicinity recently.

Mr. C. G. Klimbley, of Klimbley Mines, has moved to our town.

**Debate at McHenry.**

The debate at McHenry, on August 29th and 30th, was very interesting. The two speakers had their subjects well in hand. They treated each other with due respect. While the crowd was very large, the audience was very orderly. I am neither a Baptist nor a Socialist, but to my mind the debate was a complete victory for the church over Socialism.

**ONE PRESENT.****INTEREST IN YOUR HOME TOWN BEGETS INTEREST**

More towns die for want of confidence on the part of the business men and lack of public spirit than any other cause. When a man hunting for a home or a business location goes into a town and finds every'ing bright full of hope and enthusiasm of prospects of the place and all earnestly at work to build it up, he soon becomes imbued with the same spirit and as a result he

drives down stakes and goes to work with the same interest. When, however, he goes to a town where everyone expresses doubt and apprehension for the future prosperity of the place, moaning about and indulging in mournful complaints, he naturally feels that it is no place for him, and he at once shakes the dust from his feet and pulls out with all possible speed for some other place. Consequently try to make a live, enterprising town out of the town in which you live. When you are working for your town, you are accomplishing all the more for yourself.

**MAXWELL.**

Sept. 1.—School at this place began this morning, with T. M. Wright as teacher.

Several from here attended the singing convention at Barnett's Creek Sunday.

Mr. William Thorpe lost his stable and corn crib last Saturday night by fire and received several severe burns himself.

Miss Ella Lee Crowe, of this place, has gone to Beaver Dam, where she will attend school this fall and next spring.

Sunday School was organized at New Bethel Sunday evening with prospects of a good school.

Miss Little Sparks, who has been employed by W. G. Hayden for the past fifteen months, has returned to her home at Hartford.

Mrs. Anna Martin, of Frankfort, Ky., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Wright.

Mr. N. T. May has purchased the property of Mr. Henry Bennett at this place, and will move in the near future.

The farmers have begun making sorghum and cutting tobacco in this community.

Rain is needed again very badly.

Next Wednesday, Sept. 10, 1913, the last Quarterly Conference of the Livermore circuit will be held at New Bethel M. E. Church.

Prayer meeting at this place is progressing nicely.

**BARNETT'S CREEK.**

Sept. 1.—The singing convention at this place Sunday was largely attended.

School commenced at this place at Savills Hill to-day. Mr. Marvin Hoover is teacher at this place and Mr. Loney Taylor teacher at Savills Hill.

Mr. Loney Taylor will preach at this place next Sunday night. Everybody is invited.

Miss Virgle Bennett and Mr. Edmund Hunter, Miss Ethel Hunter and Mr. Seymour Bennett, Messrs. Letcher and Arnold Bennett, of Smallhous, attended the singing convention at this place Sunday.

**SETS GASOLINE ON A STOVE—NARROW ESCAPE**

Paris, Ky., Sept. 1.—Mistaking gasoline for water almost caused the death of Slim Levy, formerly of Louisville, at his tailoring establishment to-day, and as a result he is at his home in a serious condition suffering from numerous burns. Levy was preparing to wash his hands in a pan containing gasoline which had been used by one of his employees upon a small stove, he at the same time saturated his hands. The gasoline became ignited and he was almost enveloped in flames. Both hands were so badly burned that the flesh dropped from the bones.

IMMEDIATELY after the shooting Fields surrendered himself to the police. He is 25 years old, and has a wife and child.

In his cell here to-night, Fields made the statement that Dr. Gordon, who was the family physician, had attacked the younger Miss Fields in his office.

DESPONDENCY

Is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. For sale by all dealers.

**A MOTHER'S LOVE FOR HER LITTLE BOY BABY**

Prompted Her To Return and Claim the Infant After Deserting It.

The Owensboro Messenger of Saturday says:

A mother's love for her child was forcibly brought home yesterday afternoon when after leaving her nine-months-old boy sitting on the doorstep of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gamber on Parrish avenue, Mrs. Tom Henry returned for the child just as Officer Gibson was bringing the boy to police headquarters.

Officer Gibson brought Mrs. Henry and her son to police headquarters where the woman unfolded a pitiful story. She said that she had been separated from her husband for almost a year. Unable to care for the child, she decided to run away, leaving it to the mercy of some kind family. Yesterday, while at work at the canning factory, she decided to leave the child. At the home of Mrs. Gamber on Parrish avenue, she noticed some small children playing in the front yard, and walking up to the youngsters, she asked them to take care of the boy for a few minutes. With tears in her eyes she kissed the child and walked away.

When the children told their parents of the new arrival, the police were summoned. Officer Gibson was sent to the home of Mrs. Gamber. He was in the act of taking the child to headquarters when the distressed mother rushed up and took the child from his arms. She sobbed violently and told the officer that she "just could not leave her boy."

Officer Gibson took the mother and boy to police headquarters. An effort was made to place the child in the Mary Kendall home. Several families were visited with the hope that the child would be adopted by them. The child is a bright little fellow and amused the officers at headquarters by his playful actions.

**FOR SALE.**

A scholarship in the Vanderbilt Training School, Elkhorn, Ky., will sell at a bargain. For further particulars call or address THE HERALD.

3614

SLAYS PHYSICIAN WHO OPERATED ON MOTHER

Cairo, Ill., Sept. 1.—Dr. E. E. Gordon, a prominent physician of this city, was shot and killed to-night by Harvey R. Fields, an insurance solicitor. About ten days ago Gordon operated on Fields' mother. Her subsequent death, the insurance man declared, was caused by the physician's carelessness. It was in return for her life that he took that of the doctor, he said.

Immediately after the shooting Fields surrendered himself to the police. He is 25 years old, and has a wife and child.

In his cell here to-night, Fields made the statement that Dr. Gordon, who was the family physician, had attacked the younger Miss Fields in his office.

DESPONDENCY

Is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. For sale by all dealers.

(Advertisement.)

**OSTEOPATH.**

Dr. Wilson, Osteopath, is at the Commercial Hotel at Hartford every Tuesday and Friday from 7 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

3415

TROUBLES ENCOUNTERED BY THE OLD-TIME JURY

Not always enviable was the lot of the old-time juryman, for there was always the prospect of trouble if the verdict did not gratify the higher powers. Thus the failure of a jury to convict Sir Nicholas Throckmorton made Queen Mary "ill for three days," and she came out of her sick chamber to fine the discrediting jury meanwhile confined in prison to the sum of \$2,000 (\$10,000), a head. Elizabeth followed the same plan, and the practice of finding English juries did not cease until 1670, when a fine inflicted by the notorious Jeffreys was rescinded on appeal.

Announcement was made by the War Department of the amounts allotted to various State militia organizations. Kentucky's allotment is \$73,000.

The school fund of Green county is reported by Superintendent Graham to be insufficient to pay the legal minimum of \$33 a month.

A woman at Seabright, N. J., was scared to death by a clap of thunder.

(Advertisement.)

H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.

Indian Ends Life.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 1.—William Philson, a full-blooded Choctaw Indian, of Tchoumunga, Okla., killed himself last night following receipt of a letter informing him that a tract of land which he once sold for a small sum recently changed hands for \$2,000,000 as the result of the discovery of oil. Philson was a graduate of Haskell and a former football player of that school.

Received Warning.

Marion, Ky., Sept. 1.—The Hurricane camp meeting committee yesterday received threatening letters demanding that they drop the custom of charging admission to the camp grounds. The committee believes the letters are from night riders. The committee refused compliance yesterday, but posted special guards.

**YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT**

For Rain to Break Your Wheat Ground With

**THE OLIVER CELEBRATED RIDING PLOW**

Preparation can begin right now for a bumper wheat crop next year. The Oliver turns the ground better. Hides all the weeds straw or grass better and pulls easier than any other plow made. These are not mere assertions. If you will give us an opportunity we will demonstrate the whole truth of the above statements. Call up and we will send our plow and plow man to see you.

**E. P. Barnes & Bro., BEAVER DAM, - KENTUCKY.****HOPEWELL.**

Sept. 1.—Messrs. L. A. McDaniel and Billy Johnson attended the debate at McHenry last Friday.

Mr. W. D. Shull has taken the place of his brother at the old home and Albin moved to Crossville, Tenn., last week.

Mr. Porter Hunley sold Mr. Charlie Wallace, butcher at Rockport, four head of nice cattle weighing close to 3,300 pounds at 5¢.

Messrs. C. G. Taylor and W. D. Shull each gave a nice entertainment last week in honor of Miss Jessie Taylor, who left Sunday for East St. Louis, where she will resume her work in the office of Egger & H. King.

It is still very dry here. Stock water is getting scarce and things are drying up fast. Several are hauling water for their homes and stock.

Miss Hellene Miller, of Hartford, is visiting Miss Margaret Coleman.

Mr. William Rowe, of Island, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ford.

Mrs. Jim Ashby, of West Providence, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Stum. On coming up she lost her feather hand bag. It is a black sash, with pocket on outside, containing a pair of silver frame eye glasses, hooks over ears, and several other things. Any one finding them will call Henry Stum over the home phone or Bob Maddox over Cumberland. Finder will be amply paid for trouble.

**SIMMONS.**

Sept. 1.—Work at the mines at Staunton is rather slack at present, owing to the scarcity of water.

The corn crop in this part of the country is almost a total failure.

The joint debate that occurred at McHenry between Rev. R. P. McKinley and Rev. H. B. Taylor, August 29-30, was attended by large crowds, especially on Saturday. It is conceded, even by many non-Socialists, that Rev. McKinley got the better of the argument. The writer has personally talked with two men who were non-Socialists before the debate who now say they are Socialists.

I understand that The Herald is printing articles from Socialists, dealing with economics from a Socialist viewpoint. Inasmuch as The Herald has extended this country, I believe that every Socialist in Ohio county should take The Herald.

There are hundreds of very radical non-Socialists in this country. I believe it would be very interesting and instructive to all for some of them to tell through the columns of The Herald why they dislike and oppose Socialism. I will be very glad to discuss the subject with any of them.

A. E. CHAPMAN.

Best Treatment for a Burn.

If for no other reason, Chamberlain's Salve should be kept in every household on account of its great value in the treatment of burns. It alleviates the pain almost instantly and unless the injury is a severe one, heals the parts without leaving a scar. This salve is also unequal for chapped hands, sore nipples and diseases of the skin. Price, 25 cents. For sale by all dealers.

(Advertisement.)

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